

- State of art manufacturing process
- The only brazing foundry in France
- Development of products as per the customer specifications



SELECTARC® is the French manufacturer of welding and brazing filler metals, which it develops, manufactures, preconizes and distributes in France and abroad.

With over 200 years' experience in metallurgy, SELECTARC® is recognised as the reference for assembly, repair and hardfacing in all industrial environments.

SELECTARC® has two production sites in France near Belfort (90) and Besançon (25), a logistics platform, an R&D centre and support functions at its head office.

SELECTARC®'s offering covers all welding and brazing requirements, particularly in strategic and demanding sectors such as nuclear, defence, naval, aeronautical, railway, HVAC and Oil & Gas.

Backed by a distribution network and five subsidiaries and partners, our group is present worldwide.

SELECTARC® stands out for the quality of its products and solutions, its capacity for innovation and customisation, and the great flexibility offered by its unique manufacturing processes.



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VIEW OUR FULL RANGE ON: www.selectarc.com

All technical data sheets and MSDS are available on: www.selectarc.com/en



Since 1948, the group's brazing division has been developing brazing consumables and is the inventor of Copper-Phosphorus. SELECTARC® has built up recognised expertise, making it one of the major players in industry and distribution in Europe and internationally.

Our foundry is located in Roche lez Beaupré (25) in France and meet the highest quality standards and latest European directives.

PRODUCT QUALITY: our products are made using selected raw materials with a high level of purity. ISO 9001 Quality Assurance System: all our products are subjected to each batch testing, including Thermique Spectrometric analysis, dimensional check and brazing performance.





SALES DEPARTMENT:

sales@selectarc.com

INFORMATION:

info@selectarc.com

The design of our products primarily targets to enhance the performance characteristics (quality, cost, etc.) that, we offer to our customers!

INNOVATION IN PRODUCTION

- ★ CONTROL OF THE ENTIRE MANUFACTURING PROCESS: full control of the manufacturing cycle right from the control of raw materials to finished products, has given us flexibility and versatility, enabling us to adapt to the requests of our customers.
- ★ CLARIFICATION: the melting points of our Copper-Phosphorus alloys are guaranteed within ± 3 °C by means of thermal analysis performed while preparing the alloy. Alloys prepared in this manner produce high consistency of oven brazing operations.
- ★ INDUCTION MELTING: this process guarantees excellent alloy homogeneity (obtained by bath stirring).
- ★ CONTINUOUS CASTING OF ALL OUR PRODUCTS: in contrast to static casting, this process offers the advantage of a very low level of impurities in the alloy!
- ★ POSSIBILITY OF HIGH-PRECISION WIRE STRAIGHTENING: ensuring the appropriate straightness for automatic rod insertion.

HIGH FLEXIBILITY OF MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

Whether it is a standard or customized lengths or in the form of coils or spools of different types and weights or as preforms, "SELECTARC BRAZING" meets all your needs!

★ A wide range of bare and flux-coated rods in different colours corresponding to different percentages of flux coating..., are made available (see p.54-55).

PRODUCT INNOVATION R&D - LABORATORY

Always sensitive to market developments and listening to the needs of customers, the R & D department is striving to provide the best solutions to our customers:

- ★ Meet specific requirements, study customer specifications, integrate customer constraints (quality, productivity, implementation requirements, etc.) and develop alloys and product shapes adapted to the specific need application.
- ★ Apply our expertise to different areas of application with the goal of improving the manufacturing processes of our customers. Improvement areas, such as testing, production trials, joining quality or reducing the rate of rejections, are on top priority.

We have developed two highly innovative products offering you high added value in production:

- ★ TUBULAR BRAZING WIRE (TBW): a unique innovative technology patented offering great convenience of use thanks to its binder-free embedded flux, providing unparalleled economic benefits. This technology is suitable for Aluminium and Silver alloys and enables automation of the manufacturing processes (More informations p 36 and the full advantages of these products are described in the brochure "Tubular Brazing Wire-TBW" at: www.selectarc.com/documents-pour-le-brasage.htm).
- **★ TOTAL BRAZING MIX™ (TBM)** is a unique non-corrosive self-fluxing highprecision patented technology suitable for Aluminium alloys that enables quantity control and produces workpieces with improved cleanliness.

SERVICES

Quick response, state of art manufacturing, laboratory brazing tests, technical and technical-sales training.



OUR INDUSTRY FOCUS:





AND VENTILATION





DOMESTIC AND INDUSTRIAL **APPLIANCES**



AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY



PLUMBING AND SANITARY FACILITIES



RENEWABLE ENERGY, **SOLAR PANELS**



CARBIDE AND DIAMOND TIPPED TOOLS



MEASURING AND CONTROL DEVICES





ELECTRO-MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTIONS





TUBULAR STRUCTURES



OVERVIEW

BRAZING

Brazing is a joining method whereby the metallic continuity of the base metals is provided by a filler metal whose melting point (liquidus) is lower than that of the metals being joined. The filler metal penetrates in-between the joined surfaces by capillary action.

Brazing is an easy, economical, reliable and proven joining solution. Brazing allows joining metals of different types, such as: Copper, Brass, Steel, Stainless steel, Aluminium, etc.



It should be noted that, unlike welding, the base metals do not melt. Brazing is very widely used as a joining technique in all industries.



Selection of process:

Type of metals to be joined,

Size and geometry of the joints,

Mechanical stresses,

Thermal stresses,

Clearance between workpieces (at brazing

temperature),

Cleanliness of the workpieces,

Heating method

Aesthetic requirements of the joint.

Regulatory constraints (food industry, gas industry,

etc.),

Mechanical strength and vibration resistance,

Electrical conductivity.





BRAZE-WELDING

Braze-welding is a hard brazing method whereby the braze-welded joint is butt welded by a method that is similar to fusion welding, but without capillary action as in brazing, and without melting the base metals.



Braze-welding is generally preferable to autogenous welding for joining steels of questionable grades or poor weldability.



This is a particularly economical joining method enabling significantly better performance than the permissible speed of autogenous welding for certain Thicknesses



OVERVIEW

JOINT PREPARATION TECHNIQUES

FOR BRAZING

WELDING: permanent joining of two or more parts that ensures continuity of the material between the parts.

BRAZING: the joint is ensured by the fundamental phenomena of wetting, diffusion and capillary action. Joint characteristics are determined by the utilised filler metal, the base metals, the hot clearances and the heating method. Properly defining and controlling all these elements will ensure good flow of the filler metal into the joint. Brazing preserves the dimensional integrity of workpieces.





| TYPE OF JOINTS | WELDED JOINTS | BRAZED JOINTS | BRAZE-WELDED JOINTS |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|
| SQUARE BUTT JOINT | | | |
| - T-JOINT | | | |
| • FILLET JOINT | 97777 | | 8777 |
| ■ TUBE CAPPING | | | |
| ■ TUBE JOINING | | | |
| ■ TUBE SHEET METAL JOINING | 97773 | | |

MAIN ADVANTAGES OF BRAZING COMPARED TO WELDING:

- The main advantage of brazing lies in the ability to assemble metals that are completely dissimilar, which is not always possible by welding.
- Another advantage lies in the brazing temperatures. The temperature required for joining parts using brazing is usually 450 °C to 1150 °C, which is much lower than the temperatures required for welding.
- The problems encountered when welding construction Steel with a high content of Carbon, Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Sulphur, or are completely unknown Steel and can be brazed without any problem. There are no traces of oxide scale (Calamine) on the bead surface.



DIFFERENT HEATING METHODS





OXYACETYLENE FLAME

- The oxyacetylene flame is based on a mix of two gases: oxygen and acetylene, which can be used to produce high temperatures flame.
- Brazing using this type of torch is widely used and is suitable for most applications.





INDUCTION

• Induction brazing is a method mainly used in automation and/or for joints where a precise and fast heating method is sought.





■ AERO-PROPANE FLAME

- Air-propane torches can be easily obtained and are very cheap.
- Unlike the oxyacetylene torch, air-propane torches use the oxygen in the surrounding air, so the temperature generated by this combustion process provides less energy and therefore lower temperatures flame.
- Accordingly, the type of brazing alloy must be carefully chosen (melting point less than or equal to 730 °C) and requires validation of joint.





OVEN BRAZING

• Oven brazing is a method used for processing a large series of parts in a continuous oven or for producing individual pieces of high technical complexity in a vacuum oven.





OXY-HYDROGEN FLAME

- Oxy-hydrogen flame is a mixture of two gases, Oxygen and Hydrogen generated by electrolyzing distilled water.
- This flame is suitable for most of the brazing applications.

TEMPERATURESOF THE DIFFERENT TYPES OF FLAME

FLAMES

The flames used for brazing are produced by a mixture of combustible gases (acetylene, hydrogen, propane, etc.) with oxygen air, a gas that activates combustion.

FLAMES ADJUSTMENT

The oxy-acetylene flame is obtained from a mixture of acetylene and oxygen in proportions that determine its properties (normal, oxidising or carburising flame). At the same time, a nozzle that is suitable for the processed Thickness must also be considered.

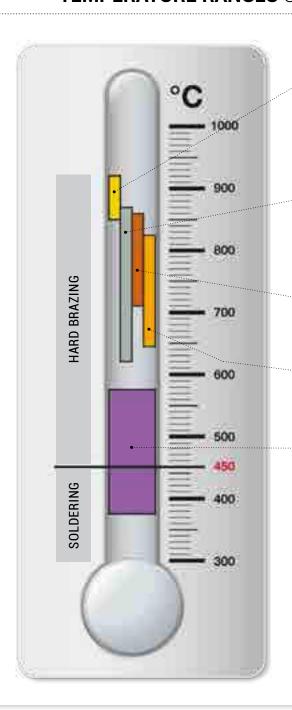
| Type of flame | Combustion temperature (°C) |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Oxyacetylene flame | 3 100 |
| Oxy-propylene flame | 2 870 |
| Oxy-propane flame | 2 830 |
| Oxy-domestic gas flame | 2 800 |
| Oxy-hydrogen flame | 2 800 |
| Oxy-natural gas flame | 2 770 |
| Air-acetylene flame | 2 400 |
| Air-propane flame | 1 980 |
| Air-natural gas flame | 1 750 |

OVERVIEW





TEMPERATURE RANGES OF OUR BRAZING ALLOYS



NICKEL SILVER ALLOYS

■ TEMPERATURES BETWEEN 850-920 °C

NICROX, 506, SUPER-NICROX

BRASS

CUPROX®, SUPER-CUPROX

SILVER ALLOYS

■ TEMPERATURES BETWEEN 620-870 °C

BRAZARGENT® 15xx BETWEEN 735-870 °C
BRAZARGENT® 34 GAZ
BRAZARGENT® 5056 BETWEEN 620-655 °C

CuP ALLOYS

■ TEMPERATURES BETWEEN 710-860 °C

PHOSBRAZ®...

CuP-Ag ALLOYS

■ TEMPERATURES BETWEEN 643-825 °C

PHOSBRAZ®, AG...

ALUMINIUM ALLOYS

■ TEMPERATURES BETWEEN 377-585 °C

ZINAL 4, ZINAL 4 TBW, AL12, HARASIL NC 12, TBM 12 NCs $\,$

- Brazing: brazing process wherein the joint, usually a capillary (film-type) joint, is obtained using a filler metal having a melting temperature (liquidus) above 450 °C (Silver, Copper or Aluminium alloys).
- **Soldering:** joining process where the melting temperature (liquidus) of the filler metal is lower than 450 °C (filler metal: Lead + Tin, Tin + Silver).





DISCOVER OUR FULL RANGE

AN ALTERNATIVE TO CADMIUM-FREE PRODUCTS!



PROHIBITION OF THE USE OF CADMIUM

IN FILLER METALS FOR BRAZING

BRAZING ALLOYS CONTAINING CADMIUM HAVE BEEN PROHIBITED IN THE EUROPEAN UNION SINCE DECEMBER 2011 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No. 494/2011) AND THEIR USE IS NO LONGER ALLOWED.

CRITERIA FOR SELECTING A FILLER METAL SUBSTITUTE

- 1st choice: An alloy gives performance/behaviour equivalent to the cadmium-containing alloy
- 2nd choice: A different possible substitute alloy

| CADMIUM-CONTAININ | IG ALLOYS (Cd) | OUR RANGE OF ALTERNATIVE CADMIUM-FREE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| ALLOY | Melting temperature (°C) | 1 st choice: AN EQUIVALENT ALLOY | Melting temperature (°C) | 2 nd choice: A SUBSTITUTE ALLOY | Melting temperature (°C) | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2017 | 610-780 | ■ BRAZARGENT 1520 Si | 690-810 | - | - | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2020 | 610-780 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5025 | 680-760 | BRAZARGENT 1520 Si | 690-810 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2021 | 610-750 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5030 | 665-755 | BRAZARGENT 5025 | 680-760 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2025 | 605-720 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5034 | 630-730 | BRAZARGENT 5030 | 665-755 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2030 | 610-690 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5040 | 650-710 | BRAZARGENT 5034 | 630-730 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2034 | 610-670 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5045 | 640-680 | BRAZARGENT 5038 | 650-720 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2035 | 610-700 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5045 | 640-680 | BRAZARGENT 5040 | 650-710 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2040 | 595-630 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5055 or ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 | 630-660 620-655 | BRAZARGENT 5045 | 640-680 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2042 | 610-620 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 or ■ BRAZARGENT 5055 | 620-655 630-660 | BRAZARGENT 5045 | 640-680 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2045 | 605-620 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 | 620-655 | BRAZARGENT 5055 | 630-660 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2050 | 625-635 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 | 620-655 | BRAZARGENT 5055 | 630-660 | | | |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 2550 | 635-660 | ■ BRAZARGENT 3049+ | 680-705 | - | - | | | |

For further information/details, please contact our Technical Department: brazing@selectarc.com

STANDARDS & CLASSIFICATION

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS ALLOYS

| | Type | | Main characteristic | Melting range | Clas | ssification | | |
|----------|------------------|------|---|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------|------|
| | Туре | Bare | Main characteristic | (°C) | EN ISO 17672 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ M60 | х | Special purpose - Fitting | 710-860 | CuP 179 | - | L-Cu P6 | p 19 |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ V6 | х | Special purpose - Fitting | 710-845 | CuP 179 | - | L-Cu P7 | p 19 |
| <u>9</u> | ■ PHOSBRAZ P66 | х | Intermediate alloy | 710-825 | CuP 180 | - | L-Cu P7 | p 19 |
| AZING | ■ PHOSBRAZ P68 | х | Intermediate alloy | 710-805 | CuP 180 | - | L-Cu P7 | p 19 |
| \L BR | ■ PHOSBRAZ M70 | х | Capillary brazing | 710-805 | CuP 180 | B Cu-P 2 | L-Cu P7 | p 20 |
| MANUAL | ■ PHOSBRAZ M73 | х | Controlled fluidity | 710-785 | CuP 181 | B Cu-P 2 | L-Cu P7 | p 20 |
| Σ | ■ PHOSBRAZ E80 | х | High fluidity | 710-750 | CuP 182 | - | L-Cu P8 | p 20 |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ E80+ | х | Very high fluidity | 710-738 | CuP 182 | - | L-Cu P8 | p 20 |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 675Sn | х | Very high fluidity - Copper and Tin alloy | 635-675 | CuP 385 | B Cu-P 9 | - | p 20 |

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS ALLOYS - OVEN BRAZING

| | Typo | | Main characteristic | Melting range | Cla | ssification | | |
|-------|----------------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------|------|
| | Туре | Bare | Main characteristic | (°C) | EN ISO 17672 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 840 | х | Oven brazing - High temperature | 710-840 | CuP 179 | - | L-Cu P6 | p 21 |
| NG | ■ PHOSBRAZ 815 | х | Oven brazing - Medium fluidity | 710-815 | CuP 180 | - | L-Cu P7 | p 21 |
| RAZII | ■ PHOSBRAZ 790 | х | Oven brazing - Medium fluidity | 710-790 | CuP 181 | B Cu-P 2 | L-Cu P7 | p 22 |
| EN B | ■ PHOSBRAZ 770 | х | Oven brazing - High fluidity | 710-770 | CuP 182 | B Cu-P 2 | L-Cu P7 | p 22 |
| 0 | ■ PHOSBRAZ 750 | х | Oven brazing - Very high fluidity | 710-750 | CuP 182 | - | L-Cu P8 | p 22 |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 738 | х | Oven brazing - Very high fluidity | 710-738 | CuP 182 | - | L-Cu P8 | p 22 |

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS-SILVER ALLOYS

| T | Shape | | Main abanastariatia | Melting range | Clas | ssification | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|--|---------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|------|
| Туре | Bare | Coated | Main characteristic | (°C) | EN ISO 17672 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ M68 | х | | CuP Ag / 0,2 % Ag | 710-815 | - | - | - | p 25 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG4 | х | | CuP Ag / 0,4 % Ag | 700-825 | - | - | - | p 25 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG10 | х | | CuP Ag / 1 % Ag | 650-820 | - | - | - | p 25 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG20 | х | | CuP Ag / 2 % Ag | 645-825 | CuP 279 | - | - | p 25 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG20+ | х | | Copper multipurpose with 2 % Ag | 643-788 | CuP 280 | BCuP-6 | - | p 25 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG50 | х | | CuP Ag / 5 % Ag | 645-815 | CuP 281 | BCuP-3 | L-Ag 5 P | p 26 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG50+ | х | | Special purpose: cold - vibrations with 5 % Ag | 643-771 | CuP 282 | BCuP-7 | - | p 26 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG60 | х | х | Copper piping / 6 % Ag, + Ni | 643-813 | CuP 283a | - | - | p 26 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG61 | х | | Copper piping / 6 % Ag - AWS | 643-813 | CuP 283 | BCuP-4 | - | p 26 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG100 | х | х | Copper-Brass joints / 10 % Ag | 650-750 | - | - | - | p 26 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG150 | х | | Copper-Brass joints / 15 % Ag | 645-800 | CuP 284 | BCuP-5 | L-Ag 15 P | p 27 |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG180 | х | | CuP Ag (Copper piping) / 18 % Ag | 645 | CuP 286 | - | L-Ag 18 P | p 27 |
| PAG 60 ATG Certification No.1530 | х | | Combustible gas installations / 6 % Ag | 645-725 | NF A81- | -362: CuP 29 | 1 | p 27 |

BRAZE-WELDING ALLOYS

| Tuno | | аре | Main characteristic | Melting | | | | |
|----------------|--------|-----|--|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------|
| Туре | Bare C | | Main Characteristic | range (°C) | EN ISO 17672 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | |
| CUPROX | х | х | Bonding and repair of Stainless steel, Copper or Cast iron | 870-890 | ~Cu 471 | ~RCu-Zn C | L CuZn40 | p 28 |
| SUPER-CUPROX | х | х | Braze-welding alloy with 1 % Ag | 850-870 | - | - | - | p 28 |
| 5 06 | х | х | Braze-welding alloy with Nickel | 890-900 | - | - | - | p 29 |
| ■ NICROX 49 C1 | х | х | High strength braze-welding | 890-920 | Cu 773 | RB Cu Zn-D | L CuNi10Zn42 | p 29 |
| SUPER-NICROX | х | х | High strength braze-welding with 1 % Ag | 870-900 | - | - | - | p 29 |



SILVER ALLOYS

| | T | Tuna | | Shape | | | Mile demonstrate | Melting | | Classificat | ion | |
|-------|--|------|--------|-------|--|------------|------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|-----|--|
| | Туре | Bare | Coated | TBW | Main characteristic | range (°C) | EN ISO 17672 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | | | |
| SAO | ■ BRAZARGENT 1512 Si | х | x | | Ternary alloys / 12 % Ag | 800-830 | Ag 212 | - | L-Ag 12 | p 32 | | |
| ALL | ■ BRAZARGENT 1520 Si | х | x | | Economical, all joints (except for Al) / 20 % Ag | 690-810 | - | - | L-Ag 20 | p 32 | | |
| INAR | ■ BRAZARGENT 1535 | х | x | | Ternary alloys / 35 % Ag | 685-755 | Ag 235Si | BAg-35 | - | p 32 | | |
| 単 | ■ BRAZARGENT 1544 | х | х | | Ternary alloys / 44 % Ag | 675-735 | Ag 244Si | - | L-Ag 44 | p 32 | | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5018 | х | x | | Cadmium free / 18 % Ag | 720-790 | - | - | - | p 33 | | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5025 | х | х | | Cadmium free / 25 % Ag | 680-760 | Ag 125Si | BAg-37 | L-Ag 25 Sn | p 33 | | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5030 | Х | х | Х | Cadmium free / 30 % Ag | 665-755 | Ag 130Si | - | - | p 33 | | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5034 | х | х | х | Cadmium free / 34 % Ag | 630-730 | Ag 134Si | - | L-Ag 34 Sn | p 33 | | |
| LOYS | ■ BRAZARGENT 5038 | х | x | х | Cadmium free / 38 % Ag | 650-720 | Ag 138Si | BAg-34 | - | p 34 | | |
| ₹ AL | ■ BRAZARGENT 5040 | х | x | х | Universal Ag brazing alloy (except for Al) / 40 % Ag | 650-710 | Ag 140Si | BAg-28 | - | p 34 | | |
| RNAR | ■ BRAZARGENT 5045 | х | x | х | Cadmium free / 45 % Ag | 640-680 | Ag 145Si | ~BAg-36 | L-Ag 45 Sn | p 34 | | |
| JATEI | ■ BRAZARGENT 5055 | х | x | | Cadmium free / 55 % Ag | 630-660 | Ag 155Si | - | L-Ag 55 Sn | p 34 | | |
| ð | ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 | х | x | х | Superior physical properties / 56 % Ag | 620-655 | Ag 156Si | BAg-7 | - | p 35 | | |
| | BRAZARGENT 34 GAZ ATG Certification No. 1614 | х | | | Combustible gas installations / 34 % Ag | 630-730 | Ag 134 accordir | ng to ATG B. | 524-3 certification | p 35 | | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 3049+ | х | х | | High strength | 680-705 | Ag 449Si | BAg-22 | L-Ag 49 | p 35 | | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 3050 | х | x | х | Cadmium free / 50 % Ag, 2 % Ni | 660-705 | Ag 450Si | BAg-24 | - | p 35 | | |

ALUMINIUM ALLOYS

| | _ | | Shape | | | Melting range | Classific | ation | |
|-------|----------------------|------|-------|-----|---|---------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------|
| | Туре | Bare | ТВМ | TBW | Main characteristic | (°C) | | EN ISO 17672 | |
| JE WE | ■ ZINAL 4 | х | | х | For joining dissimilar materials Cu / Al | 377-385 | 98 % Zn - 2 % Al | DIN 1707-100 S-Zn 98 Al 2 | p 36 |
| S< | ■ AL12 | х | | | Al / Al joints | 575-585 | 88 % Al - 12 % Si | Al 112 | p 36 |
| WIRE | ■ ZINAL 4 TBW | х | | х | For joining dissimilar materials Cu / Al (flux and alloy) | 385-420 | 98 % Zn - 2 % Al | DIN 1707-100 S-Zn 98 Al 2 | p 37 |
| TBM V | ■ HARASIL NC 12* TBW | | | х | Al / Al joints (flux and alloy) | 575-585 | 88 % Al - 12 % Si | Al 112 | p 37 |
| | ■ TBM 12 NCs* | | х | | Al / Al joints (flux and metal mix) | 550-585 | 88 % Al - 12 % Si | Al 112 | p 37 |
| TBW | ■ TBM 12 NCs 20* | | х | | Al / Al joints (flux and metal mix) | 550-585 | 88 % Al - 12 % Si | Al 112 | p 37 |

^{*} Non-corrosive flux.

BRAZING FLUXES

| Туре | Shape Powder Paste | | Main characteristic | Melting range (°C) | Classification NF EN 1045 | |
|---|-----------------------|---|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|------|
| ■ AGFLUX | х | | For Silver brazing / Boric acid-free flux | 500-800 | FH10 | p 38 |
| AGFLUX (Paste) ATG Certification No.1530 and No. 1614 | | х | For Silver brazing / Boric acid-free flux | 500-800 | FH10 | p 38 |
| ■ AG ACTIVE PASTE | | х | For brazing copper, Brass, Steels, stainless steels and Ni base alloys, acid boric free | 580-880 | FH10 | p 38 |
| BORINOX | х | х | For Steel brazing | 500-800 | FH10 | p 38 |
| ■ POLYFLUX | х | х | For braze-welding | 800-1000 | FH20 | p 38 |
| FLUX ODAL | х | | For Aluminium | 450-550 | FL10 | p 39 |
| ALUNOX NC | х | | For Aluminium / Non-corrosive flux / AL12 | 560-570 | FL20 | p 39 |
| ALUNOX NCs | х | | For Aluminium / Non-corrosive flux / ZINAL 4 | 420-450 | FL20 | p 39 |
| PHOS FLUX (L) | х | | Liquide flux for joining copper and copper alloys | 550-880 | FH10 | p 39 |

HOW TO CHOOSE?

PRODUCTS SELECTION ACCORDING TO THE BASE METALS



PRODUCTS COMPLIANCE WITH THE RESTRICTION OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES DIRECTIVE (RoHS)

WE CAN DEVELOP ALLOYS ACCORDING TO YOUR SPECIFICATIONS!

JUST CONTACT US!

■ 1st "STANDARD" CHOICE:

The best solution in terms of performance-cost ratio.

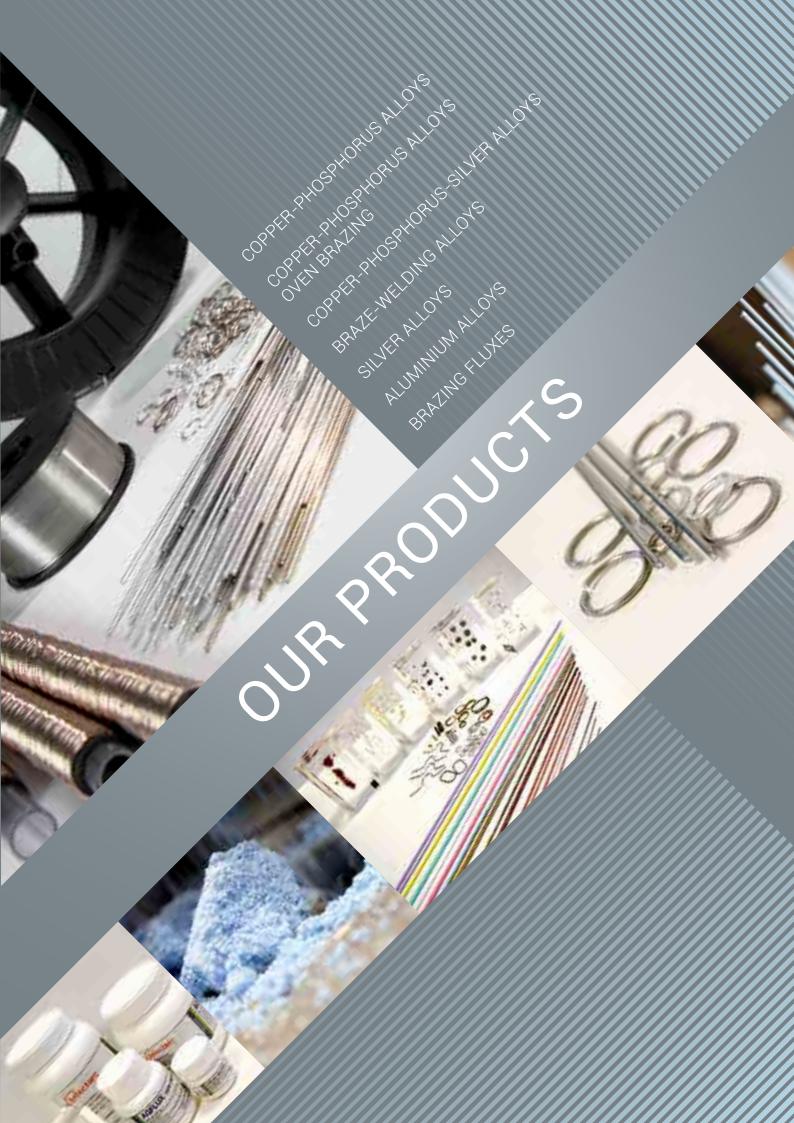
■ 2nd CHOICE "**TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE**":

The solution that provides ease of implementation and optimum final result.

| BASE METALS | STEEL | ALUMINIUM | COPPER | CAST IRON (PREHEATING AND SLOW COOLING) | STAINLESS STEEL | BRASS | GALVANISED STEEL | NICKEL |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| NICKEL | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | - | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 1520Si* | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* |
| GALVANISED STEEL | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 1520Si* | ZINAL 4 TBW | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 5034* | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 5034* | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | BRAZARGENT 5034* BRAZARGENT 5040* | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 5034* | |
| BRASS | BRAZARGENT 5034* BRAZARGENT 5040* | ZINAL 4 TBW | PHOSBRAZ AG100 ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 5034* | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | PHOSBRAZ AG100 ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 5034* | | |
| STAINLESS STEEL | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | ZINAL 4 TBW | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | | BRAZARGENT 5040* BRAZARGENT 5056* | | | |
| CAST IRON (PREHEATING AND SLOW COOLING) | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 5040* | - | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 5040* | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 5040* | | | | |
| COPPER | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 1520Si* | ZINAL 4 TBW | PHOSBRAZ M73 (standard joints) PHOSBRAZ M60 (special for pitting) | | | • | | |
| ALUMINIUM | ZINAL 4 TBW | HARASIL NC 12 TBW TBM 12 NCs | | | | | | |
| STEEL | CUPROX ENROBÉ BRAZARGENT 1520Si* | | | | | | | |

Ref. *: for use in conjunction with AGFLUX, flux coated rods or TBW.

Ref.: embedded flux of self-fluxing alloy.





COPPER-PHOSPHORUS ALLOYS

- **+ PRODUCT ADVANTAGES:** The Phosphorus present in Copper-Phosphorus alloys renders the alloy self-fluxing on red coppers. These products are primarily intended for Copper-Copper and Copper-Brass joints using brazing flux.
- Their main use is for brazing of fluid carvying copper piping systems.

PHOSBRAZ ® is a registered trademark designating the most comprehensive range of Phosphorus alloys of Selectarc.

PHOSBRAZ [®] alloys are exclusively intended for work with Copper and Copper alloys.

THE MELTING POINTS OF OUR ALLOYS ARE GUARANTEED WITHIN ± 3 °C, WHICH ENSURES THE CONSISTENCY OF YOUR BRAZING OPERATIONS.

Unlike most of the alloys listed in this catalogue, our PHOSBRAZ ® products are sufficiently fluid to enable brazing at temperatures well below liquidus.

SELECTION GUIDE

PHOSBRAZ M60

- ★ Semi-fluide alloys
- ★ Large clearances up to 2 mm

PHOSBRAZ M73

- ★ Standard fluidity
- ★ Standard clearances

PHOSBRAZ E80+

- ★ High fluidity
- ★ Very tight clearances

SELECTION CRITERIA BASED ON FLUIDITY OF THE Cup ALLOY RANGE

| Reference | Fluidity | | Characteristics |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---|
| PHOSBRAZ E80+ PHOSBRAZ 675Sn | VERY HIGH FLUIDITY | **** | These alloys melt at low temperature. Joints with very small clearances. |
| PHOSBRAZ E80 | HIGH FLUIDITY | *** | This alloy melt at low temperature. Joints with very small clearances. |
| PHOSBRAZ M70 PHOSBRAZ M73 | GOOD FLUIDITY | *** | These grades are used for brazing of couplings and connectors. Standard clearances. |
| PHOSBRAZ P66 PHOSBRAZ P68 | INTERMEDIATE FLUIDITY | & & | Brazing of joints in position. |
| PHOSBRAZ M60 PHOSBRAZ V6 | SEMI-FLUIDE | • | Recommended for tube-assembly with wide gap. |



SELECTION CRITERIA: MELTING POINT / WORKING TEMPERATURE

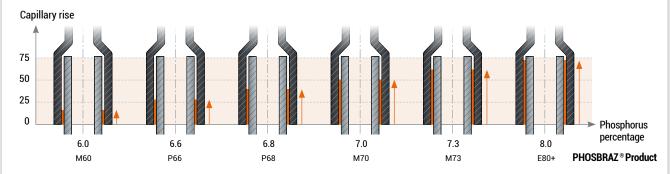


| | | | 1 | Technical characteristics | | | Chem | ical compo | sition |
|---------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|------------|---------|
| | Туре | ■ Solidus (°C) | □ Liquidus (°C) | ■ Working temperature (°C) | Rm (MPa) | A (%) | P (%) | Sn (%) | Cu (%) |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ M60 | 710 | 860 | 760 | 550 | 6 | 6 | - | Balance |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ V6 | 710 | 845 | 760 | 550 | 5 | 6.3 | - | Balance |
| 9 | ■ PHOSBRAZ P66 | 710 | 825 | 730 | 500 | 4 | 6.6 | - | Balance |
| BRAZING | ■ PHOSBRAZ P68 | 710 | 815 | 730 | 450 | 4 | 6.8 | - | Balance |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ M70 | 710 | 805 | 730 | 450 | 4 | 7 | - | Balance |
| MANUAL | ■ PHOSBRAZ M73 | 710 | 785 | 730 | 450 | 4 | 7.3 | - | Balance |
| × | ■ PHOSBRAZ E80 | 710 | 750 | 720 | 450 | 3 | 7.8 | - | Balance |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ E80+ | 710 | 738 | 720 | 450 | 2 | 8 | - | Balance |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 675Sn | 635 | 675 | 650 | 350 | 2 | 6.75 | 7 | Balance |

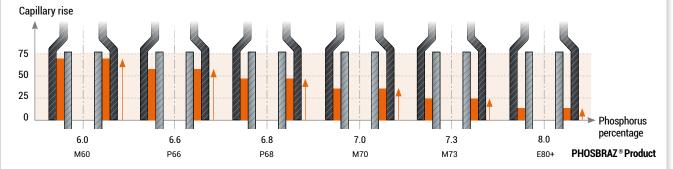
SCHEMATIC REPRESENTATION OF THE CAPILLARY ACTION OF PHOSBRAZ® (CuP) ALLOYS

Capillarity characterises the overall phenomena defining the behaviour of liquids in very narrow gaps and, more generally, situations where a separation surface meets a solid wall.

IN THE CASE OF SMALL CLEARANCES (such as < 0,05 mm)



IN THE CASE OF LARGE CLEARANCES (such as > 1 mm)



Non-contractual drawings.





COPPER-PHOSPHORUS ALLOYS





MANUAL BRAZING

■ PHOSBRAZ M60

SPECIAL PURPOSE - FITTING

| Classifi | cation | Melt point | | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | d heating | g method |
|--------------|---------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|-----------|----------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 179 | Solidus | 710 | 760 | Р | 6 | Rm (MPa) | 550 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 860 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 6 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P6 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8.1 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ M60 with 6 % Phosphorus is a thick alloy that allows brazing of components with large clearances. By maintaining this alloy in a viscous state during heating, you can build bridges between two walls located at a distance of 1 to 2 mm.

APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper-Copper connecting pipes. Plumbing.

PHOSBRAZ V6

SPECIAL PURPOSE - FITTING

| Classifi | cation | Mel ^s point | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | g method |
|--------------|---------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 179 | Solidus | 710 | 760 | Р | 6.3 | Rm (MPa) | 550 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 845 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 5 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P6 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8.1 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ V6 with 6.3 % Phosphorus is a thick alloy, which can therefore be used for fitting involving large clearances. By maintaining this alloy in a thick state during heating, you can build bridges between two walls located at a distance of 1 to 2 mm.

- APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper-Copper connecting pipes. Plumbing.

PHOSBRAZ P66

INTERMEDIATE ALLOY

| Classifi | cation | Melt point | ing (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy ition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|---------|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------|----|------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 180 | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 6.6 | Rm (MPa) | 500 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 825 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 4 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8.1 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ P66 with 6.8 % Phosphorus is a medium fluidity alloy that enables to work on joints with poorly controlled clearances between 0.5 mm and 1 mm.

APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper-Copper connecting pipes. Plumbing.

■ PHOSBRAZ P68

INTERMEDIATE ALLOY

| Classifi | cation | Melt point | | Working temperature (°C) | | loy ition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|---------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|----|------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 180 | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 6.8 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 815 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 4 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P7 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ P68, with 6.8 % Phosphorus is an alloy with "standard fluidity", enabling to work on joints with standard clearances, but of poor quality, which allow variations of tolerances (such as, cheaply done plumbing connecting pipes). Allows brazing parts with clearances of up to 1 mm.

APPLICATIONS: Copper-Copper connections. Plumbing.

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS ALLOYS

PHOSBRAZ M70

CAPILLARY BRAZING

| Classif | cation | Mel ^t point | | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|----------|---------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 180 | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 7 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | B Cu-P 2 | Liquidus | 805 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 4 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P7 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ M70 with 7% Phosphorus is an alloy with "standard fluidity", enabling good capillary brazing according to best industrial practices. Recommended for brazing pipes and connections, water heaters and cooling systems.

• APPLICATIONS: Copper-Copper and Copper-Brass connections. Plumbing, heating systems.

PHOSBRAZ M73

CONTROLLED FLUIDITY

| Classifi | cation | Melt point | | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | g method |
|--------------|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 181 | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 7.3 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | B Cu-P 2 | Liquidus | 785 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 4 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P7 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ M73 with 7.3 % Phosphorus is an alloy with "standard fluidity", enabling good capillary brazing according to best industry practices. Compared to M70, the PHOSBRAZ M73 alloy has slightly better fluidity, so that working on joints with high-quality clearances is even more convenient.

APPLICATIONS: For brazing Copper-Copper pipes & connections, Water heaters and Cooling systems. Plumbing, heating systems.

■ PHOSBRAZ E80

HIGH FLUIDITY

| Classifi | cation | Melt point | | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | d heating | method |
|--------------|---------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|-----------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 182 | Solidus | 710 | 720 | Р | 7.8 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 750 | | Cu | Balance | A(%) | 3 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P8 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ E80 with 7.8 % Phosphorus is a high fluidity alloy, which enables to work on joints with clearances below 0.5 mm using relatively low brazing temperatures.

APPLICATIONS: Copper-Copper and Copper-Brass connections. Plumbing.

PHOSBRAZ E80+

VERY HIGH FLUIDITY

| | Classifi | cation | Melt point | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mendec | heating | method |
|-------|----------|---------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN IS | 0 17672 | CuP 182 | Solidus | 710 | 720 | Р | 8 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AW: | S A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 738 | | Cu | Balance | A(%) | 2 | | | | | |
| DIN | N 8513 | L-Cu P8 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ E80+ with 8 % Phosphorus is a very high fluidity alloy enabling to work on joints with clearances below 0.5 mm using relatively low brazing temperatures even below those required for PHOSBRAZ E80.

■ APPLICATIONS: Copper-Copper and Copper-Brass connections. Plumbing.

■ PHOSBRAZ 675Sn

VERY HIGH FLUIDITY + Sn

| _ I HOODII/ | 2 01 0011 | | | | | | | | | | · · · · · | OIDII | |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|-----------|---------|--------------|
| Classification | | Mel point | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | oy ition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 385 | Solidus | 635 | 650 | Р | 6.75 | Rm (MPa) | 350 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | \checkmark |
| AWS A5.8 | B CuP-9 | Liquidus | 675 | | Sn | 6.7 | A(%) | 2 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

PHOSBRAZ 675Sn with 6.75 % Phosphorus and 7 % Tin is a very high fluidity alloy enabling to work on joints with clearances below 0.5 mm using relatively low brazing temperatures even below those required for PHOSBRAZ E80+.

APPLICATIONS: Copper-Copper and Copper-Brass connections. Plumbing.

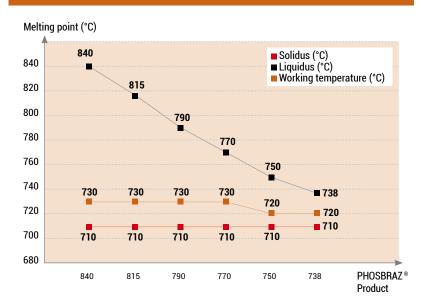


The PHOSBRAZ ® Oven product range guarantees the specified melting points, thereby allowing performance of simultaneous multiple brazing on a complex workpiece with points of dissimilar temperatures. Typically, when passing through an oven, the interior of a complex workpiece is colder than its outside, so that brazing temperatures are different.

THE MELTING POINTS OF OUR ALLOYS ARE **GUARANTEED WITHIN ± 3 °C. THESE ALLOYS HAVE BEEN DESIGNED** TO PREVENT OCCURRENCE OF A LIQUIDATION PHENOMENON DURING THE RISE IN TEMPERATURE.

SELECTION CRITERIA: MELTING POINT / WORKING TEMPERATURE

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS ALLOYS - OVEN BRAZING



| | | | | Technical characteristic | s | | Chemical c | omposition |
|---------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| | Туре | ■ Solidus (°C) | □ Liquidus (°C) | ■ Working temperature (°C) | Rm (MPa) | A (%) | P (%) | Cu (%) |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 840 | 710 | 840 | 730 | 520 | 5 | 6.3 | Balance |
| NG | ■ PHOSBRAZ 815 | 710 | 815 | 730 | 450 | 4 | 6.8 | Balance |
| BRAZING | ■ PHOSBRAZ 790 | 710 | 790 | 730 | 450 | 4 | 7.3 | Balance |
| EN B | ■ PHOSBRAZ 770 | 710 | 770 | 730 | 450 | 4 | 7.5 | Balance |
| OV | ■ PHOSBRAZ 750 | 710 | 750 | 720 | 400 | 2 | 7.8 | Balance |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 738 | 710 | 738 | 720 | 400 | 2 | 8 | Balance |

PHOSBRAZ 840

OVEN BRAZING - HIGH TEMPERATURE

| Classi | Classification | | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physio proper | | Туре | Recom | mendec | l heating | method |
|--------------|----------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|-----------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 179 | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 6.3 | Rm (MPa) 520 | | Bare | - | - | - | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 840 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 5 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P6 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8.1 | | | | | |

This alloy was developed for oven brazing while ensuring the absence of liquidation phenomena, being therefore suitable for slow increases in temperature. Self-fluxing on Copper. The accuracy of the melting point 840 °C (± 3 °C) enables total control and repeatability of the brazing process

APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper fins on Copper tubes, heating elements, domestic boilers, and turbulator plates inside tubes. Copper heat exchangers. Domestic boilers.

PHOSBRAZ 815

OVEN BRAZING - MEDIUM FLUIDITY

| Classification | | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|----------------|---------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 180 | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 6.8 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | - | - | - | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 815 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 4 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P7 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

Alloy developed for oven brazing, ensuring the absence of liquidation phenomena. Self-fluxing on Copper. Melting point: 815 °C ± 3 °C.

APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper fins on Copper tubes, heating elements, domestic boilers, and turbulator plates inside tubes. Copper heat exchangers. Domestic boilers.

The technical characteristics of the PHOSBRAZ® products are presented in the tables on p. 22 or p. 54.

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS ALLOYS - OVEN BRAZING

PHOSBRAZ 790

OVEN BRAZING - MEDIUM FLUIDITY

| Classif | Classification | | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|----------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|---|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 181 | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 7.3 | Rm (MPa) 450 | | Bare | - | - | - | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | B Cu-P 2 | Liquidus | 790 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 4 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P7 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

This alloy is developed for oven brazing ensuring the absence of liquidation phenomena, being therefore suitable for slow increases in temperature. Self-fluxing on Copper. The accuracy of the melting point (790 °C ± 3 °C) enables total control and repeatability of the brazing process.

• APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper fins on Copper tubes, heating elements, domestic boilers, and turbulator plates inside tubes. Copper heat exchangers. Domestic boilers.

PHOSBRAZ 770

OVEN BRAZING - HIGH FLUIDITY

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | g method |
|--------------|----------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|---|------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 182 | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 7.5 | Rm (MPa) 450 | | Bare | - | - | - | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | B Cu-P 2 | Liquidus | 770 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 4 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P7 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

This alloy is developed for oven brazing ensuring the absence of liquidation phenomena, being therefore suitable for slow increases in temperature. Self-fluxing on Copper. The accuracy of the melting point $(770 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$ enables total control and repeatability of the brazing process.

- APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper fins on Copper tubes, heating elements, domestic boilers, and turbulator plates inside tubes. Copper heat exchangers. Domestic boilers.

■ PHOSBRAZ 750

OVEN BRAZING - VERY HIGH FLUIDITY

| Classif | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|---------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|---|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 182 | Solidus | 710 | 720 | Р | 7.8 | Rm (MPa) 400 | | Bare | - | - | - | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 750 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 3 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P8 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

This alloy was developed for oven brazing ensuring the absence of liquidation phenomena, being therefore suitable for slow increases in temperature. Self-fluxing on Copper. The accuracy of the melting point (750 $^{\circ}$ C \pm 3 $^{\circ}$ C) enables total control and repeatability of the brazing process

- APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper fins on Copper tubes, heating elements, domestic boilers, and turbulator plates inside tubes. Copper heat exchangers. Domestic boilers.

PHOSBRAZ 738

OVEN BRAZING - VERY HIGH FLUIDITY

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|---------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 182 | Solidus | 710 | 720 | Р | 8 | Rm (MPa) | 400 | Bare | - | - | - | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 738 | | Cu | Balance | A (%) | 2 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Cu P8 | | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 8 | | | | | |

This alloy was developed for oven brazing ensuring the absence of liquidation phenomena, being therefore suitable for slow increases in temperature. Self-fluxing on Copper. The accuracy of the melting point $(738 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$ enables total control and repeatability of the brazing process.

- APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper fins on Copper tubes, heating elements, domestic boilers, and turbulator plates inside tubes. Copper heat exchangers. Domestic boilers.

AVAILABILITY OF Cup ALLOYS IN DIFFERENT TYPES AND SIZES

| Reference | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BARE RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 100-700 (with controlled straightness for CuP Oven) | 1 - 5 | | | | | | | |
| | | spools (random wound) | 15 (+/- 1 kg) | | | | | | | |
| WIRE (SPOOL, COIL) | 1,5 → 3,0 | spools (precision wound) | 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) | | | | | | | |
| ·····= (c. 202 , 20.2) | .,,, | coils | 20 (+/- 1 kg) (Other weights can be provided on request.) | | | | | | | |
| RINGS AND PREFORMS | | Dimensions and quantities may be provided | on request. | | | | | | | |
| COATING TYPE | Standard 25 % (Other types may be provided on request.) | | | | | | | | | |

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS-SILVER ALLOYS

+ PRODUCT ADVANTAGES: Addition of Silver to Copper-Phosphorus alloys helps to reduce the melting point. This addition also refines the grain structure, improves the electrical conductivity and increases the ductility of the alloy.

• Applications: Brazing of Electrical motors, Air condition, etc.

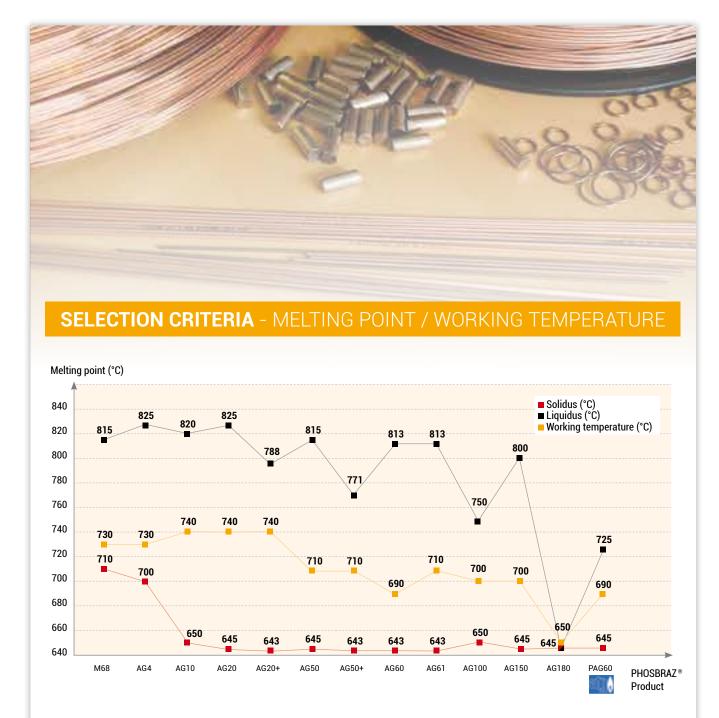




SELECTION CRITERIA - FLUIDITY OF THE CuP-Ag ALLOY RANGE

| Reference | Fluidity | | Characteristics |
|--|------------------|--------------|---|
| PHOSBRAZ AG180 PAG 60 PHOSBRAZ AG60 PHOSBRAZ AG61 | HIGH FLUIDITY | *** | These alloys melt at low temperature. Joints with very small clearances. |
| PHOSBRAZ M68 PHOSBRAZ AG20+ PHOSBRAZ AG50+ PHOSBRAZ AG100 | GOOD FLUIDITY | * * * | These grades are used for brazing of coupling and connectors in systems operating at low temperature (such as air condition). |
| PHOSBRAZ M68 PHOSBRAZ AG4 PHOSBRAZ AG10 PHOSBRAZ AG20 PHOSBRAZ AG50 PHOSBRAZ AG150 | AVERAGE FLUIDITY | . | Standard clearances. AG150 is suitable for use for connections requiring good electrical conductivity. |

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS-SILVER ALLOYS



| | | Te | echnical characteristics | | | | Chemical c | omposition | |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|------------|------------|---------|
| Туре | ■ Solidus (°C) | □ Liquidus (°C) | ■ Working temperature (°C) | Rm (MPa) | A (%) | P (%) | Ag (%) | Ni (%) | Cu (%) |
| PHOSBRAZ M68 | 710 | 815 | 730 | 500 | 5 | 6.8 | 0.2 | - | Balance |
| PHOSBRAZ AG4 | 700 | 825 | 730 | 500 | 6 | 6.5 | 0.4 | - | Balance |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG10 | 650 820 | | 740 | 550 | 6 | 6.7 | 1 | - | Balance |
| PHOSBRAZ AG20 | 645 | 825 | 740 | 550 | 6 | 6.6 | 2 | - | Balance |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG20+ | 643 | 788 | 740 | 550 | 6 | 7 | 2 | - | Balance |
| PHOSBRAZ AG50 | SBRAZ AG50 645 815 | | 710 | 650 | 8 | 6 | 5 | - | Balance |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG50+ | 643 | 771 | 710 | 600 | 7 | 6.6 | 5 | - | Balance |
| PHOSBRAZ AG60 | 643 | 813 | 690 | 450 | 4 | 7.3 | 6 | 0.1 | Balance |
| PHOSBRAZ AG61 | 643 | 813 | 710 | 450 | 4 | 7.3 | 6 | - | Balance |
| PHOSBRAZ AG100 | 650 | 750 | 700 | 650 | 8 | 6.2 | 10 | - | Balance |
| PHOSBRAZ AG150 | 645 | 800 | 700 | 530 | 10 | 5 | 15 | - | Balance |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG180 | 645 | 645 | 650 | 480 | 10 | 7 | 18 | - | Balance |
| PHOSBRAZ PAG 60 | 645 | 725 | 690 | 450 | 4 | 7.3 | 6 | 0.1 | Balance |

OPPER-PHOSPHORUS-SILVER ALLOYS

PHOSBRAZ M68 CuP Aq / 0,2 % Aq

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | loy iition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|-------------|--------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 3677 | - | Solidus | 710 | 730 | Р | 6.8 | Rm (MPa) | 500 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 815 | | Ag | 0.2 | A (%) | 5 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.1 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ M68 is a CuP alloy containing 0.2 % Silver, which has it slightly better fluidity compared to PHOSBRAZ P68

 APPLICATIONS: Recommended for brazing Copper pipes and connections, water heaters and cooling systems. Primarily used by plumbers and heating engineers. Copper-Copper joints. Industrial HVAC systems.

PHOSBRAZ AG4 CuP Ag / 0,4 % Ag Working temperature (°C) Recommended heating method Melting point (°C) Physical Classification Type properties **EN ISO 17672** Ρ Rm (MPa) 500 Solidus 730 6.5 Bare **AWS A5.8** Liquidus 825 Ag 0.4 A (%) 6 **DIN 8513**

The PHOSBRAZ AG4 is a CuP alloy containing 0.4 % Silver, which has it slightly better fluidity compared to PHOSBRAZ M68

 APPLICATIONS: Recommended for brazing Copper pipes and connections, water heaters and cooling systems. Primarily used by plumbers and heating engineers. Copper-Copper joints. Industrial HVAC systems.

Balance

d (g/cm³)

8.1

Cu

PHOSBRAZ AG10 CuP Ag / 1 % Ag

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|-------------|------------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 3677 | - | Solidus | 650 | 740 | P 6.7 | | Rm (MPa) | 550 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| AWS A5.8 | B Cu93 P | Liquidus | 820 | | Ag | 1 | A (%) | 6 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | Ag 710-815 | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.1 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG10 is a CuP alloy containing 1 % Silver, which confers it slightly better fluidity compared to PHOSBRAZ AG4.

APPLICATIONS: Copper-Copper joints. Industrial HVAC systems.

PHOSBRAZ AG20 CuP Aq / 2 % Aq

| | Classifi | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mendec | heating | g method |
|-------|----------|---------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| EN IS | 0 17672 | CuP 279 | Solidus | 645 | 740 | Р | 6.6 | Rm (MPa) | 550 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| AWS | S A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 825 | | Ag | 2 | A (%) | 6 | | | | | |
| DIN | N 8513 | - | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.1 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG20 is a CuP alloy containing 2 % Silver. The addition of Silver to the alloy increases its resistance to vibrations and pressure

 APPLICATIONS: Primarily used for brazing Copper connections of industrial and domestic heat exchangers (such as brazing of U-bend tubes). Copper-Copper joints. Industrial HVAC systems.

PHOSBRAZ AG20+

COPPER MULTIPURPOSE / 2 % Ag

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | g method |
|--------------|---------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 280 | Solidus | 643 | 740 | Р | 7 | Rm (MPa) | 550 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| AWS A5.8 | BCuP-6 | Liquidus | 788 | | Ag | 2 | A (%) | 6 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.1 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG20+ is a CuP alloy containing 2 % Silver and additional 0.3 % Phosphorus compared to AG20, which lowers its melting point and confers it higher fluidity. The addition of Silver to the alloy increases its resistance to vibrations and pressure surges.

 APPLICATIONS: Primarily used for brazing the Copper connections of industrial and domestic heat exchangers (such as brazing of U-bend tubes). Copper-Copper joining by swaging and tapping. Heat exchangers (hot/cold) and ventilation systems.

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS-SILVER ALLOYS

PHOSBRAZ AG50 CuP Ag / 5 % Ag

| ĺ | Classifi | cation | Mel point | | Working temperature (°C) | | loy ition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | d heating | g method |
|---|--------------|----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------|----|------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|-----------|----------|
| | EN ISO 17672 | CuP 281 | Solidus | 645 | 710 | Р | 6 | Rm (MPa) | 650 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| | AWS A5.8 | BCuP-3 | Liquidus | 815 | | Ag | 5 | A (%) | 8 | | | | | |
| | DIN 8513 | L-Ag 5 P | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.2 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG50 is a CuP containing 5 % Silver. The addition of Silver to the alloy increases its resistance to vibrations and pressure surges.

APPLICATIONS: Primarily used for brazing the Copper connections of industrial and domestic heat exchangers (such as brazing of U-bend tubes). Copper-Copper joints.
 Industrial HVAC systems.

PHOSBRAZ AG50+

SPECIAL PURPOSE: COLD - VIBRATIONS / 5 % Ag

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|---------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 282 | Solidus | 643 | 710 | Р | 6.6 | Rm (MPa) | 550 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| AWS A5.8 | BCuP-7 | Liquidus | 771 | | Ag | 5 | A (%) | 7 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.2 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG50+ is a CuP alloy containing 5 % Silver and an addition of 0.6 % Phosphorus compared to AG50, which lowers its melting point and confers it higher fluidity. The addition of Silver to the alloy increases its resistance to vibrations and pressure surges.

APPLICATIONS: Primarily used for brazing the Copper connections of industrial and domestic heat exchangers. Copper-Copper joints by swaging. Heat exchangers (hot/cold), ventilation and compressor systems.

PHOSBRAZ AG60

COPPER PIPING / 6 % Ag + Ni

| Classifi | cation | Mel ⁻ point | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|----------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|-----|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 283a | Solidus | 643 | 690 | Р | 7.3 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 813 | | Ag | 6 | A (%) | 4 | Coated | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Ni | 0.1 | d (g/cm³) | 8.2 | | | | | |
| | | | | | Cu | Balance | | | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG60 is a Copper-Phosphorus alloy containing 6 % Silver, Nickel added (for refining the texture), recommended for brazing of copper pipes.

APPLICATIONS: Copper piping and combustible gas installations.

PHOSBRAZ AG61

COPPER PIPING / 6 % Ag - AWS

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|---------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 283 | Solidus | 643 | 710 | Р | 7.3 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | BCuP-4 | Liquidus | 813 | | Ag | 6 | A (%) | 4 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.2 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG61 is a Copper-Phosphorus alloy with 6 % Silver content that meets the AWS A5-8 BCup-4 specifications.

APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Copper piping of industrial and domestic air conditioning systems.

PHOSBRAZ AG100

COPPER-BRASS JOINTS / 10 % Ag

| C | lassification | | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|------------|----------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 367 | B Cu 84 Ag P 650-750 | Solidus | 650 | 700 | Р | 6.2 | Rm (MPa) | 650 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 750 | | Ag | 10 | A (%) | 8 | Coated | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.3 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG100 is an alloy containing 10 % Silver. The addition of Silver in the alloy increases the alloy's electrical conductivity as well as its ductility

The PHOSBRAZ AG100 brazing alloy (coated) offers an economical alternative of equivalent technical performance to brazing metals of the BRAZARGENT 5034 type for joining copper pieces to brass. It offers a simplified use of the brazing metal, without the need to manually control the addition of flux.

APPLICATIONS: Primarily used for brazing Copper electrical connections. Copper-Copper joints. Electrical motors.

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS-SILVER ALLOYS



■ PHOSBRAZ AG150

COPPER-BRASS JOINTS / 15 % Ag

| Classif | ication | Mel ^s point | | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 284 | Solidus | () | | Р | 5 | Rm (MPa) | 530 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | BCuP-5 | Liquidus | 800 | | Ag | 15 | A (%) | 10 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 15 P | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.4 | | | | | |

The Phosbraz AG150 is CuP alloy containing 15 % Silver is primarily used in the manufacture of electric motors (brazing of squirrel-cage rotors and peripheral connections). Its composition provides high ductility, excellent fluidity, low melting point and excellent resistance to vibration.

APPLICATIONS: Recommended for delicate work, Copper-Copper joints. Electrical motors, electrical connections.

■ PHOSBRAZ AG180

CuP Ag (COPPER PIPING) / 18 % Ag

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | CuP 286 | Solidus | CAE | 650 | Р | 7 | Rm (MPa) | 480 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 645 | | Ag | 18 | A (%) | 10 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 18 P | | | | Cu | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.4 | | | | | |

The PHOSBRAZ AG180 is CuP alloy containing 18 % Silver is a eutectic alloy (645 °C), which confers it very high fluidity. It is primarily used for brazing joints of considerable importance. It is also used for jobs that require a low melting point and is recommended for delicate work on Copper-Copper joints.

APPLICATIONS: Electrical motors.

■ PAG 60



COMBUSTIBLE GAS INSTALLATIONS / 6 % Ag

| C | lassification | Mel ¹ point | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy sition (%) | Physic propert | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|-------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|-----------------------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 3677 | B Cu 87 P Ag (Ni) 645-725 | Solidus | 645 | 690 | Р | 7.3 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | | | | | |
| NF A81-362 | CuP 291 | Liquidus | 725 | | Ag | 6 | A (%) | 4 | Bare (Ø 2 x 500mm) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| | | | | | Ni | 0.1 | d (g/cm³) | 8.2 | , | | | | |
| | | | | | Cu | Balance | | | | | | | |

PAG 60 certified by **CERTIGAZ** in conjunction with AGFLUX (paste) under reference ATG 1530. It is recommended for hard brazing of Copper and optionally Copper-Brass pipes of combustible gas installations, as well as for all delicate work at low temperature.

- APPLICATIONS: Piping and combustible gas installations.

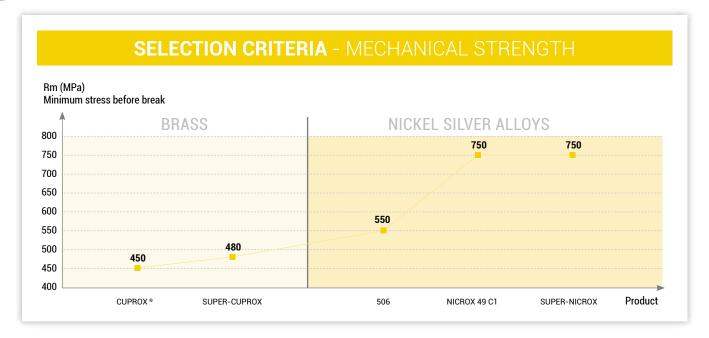
AVAILABILITY OF Cup-Ag ALLOYS IN DIFERENT TYPES AND SIZES

| Reference | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) |
|--|---------------|--|--|
| BARE RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 500 | 1 - 5 |
| FLUX COATED RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 500 - 1000 | 1 - 5 |
| | | spools (precision wound) | 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) |
| WIRE (SPOOL, COIL) | 1,5 → 3,0 | coils | 20 (+/- 1 kg) (Other weights can be provided on request.) |
| RINGS AND PREFORMS | | Dimensions and quantities may be pro | vided on request. |
| COATING TYPE | | Standard 30 % (Other types may be prov | ided on request.) |



BRAZE-WELDING ALLOYS

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES: Braze-welding alloys are used for joining Steel, Copper and Cast iron for butt welding and tubes with large diameters. Their high mechanical strength, aesthetically appealing results, their ease of application and excellent cost-effectiveness, make them suitable for use in several industrial applications, such as: manufacturing of bicycle frames, metal furniture and delicate work such as, especially involving galvanised steels.



BONDING AND REPAIR OF STAINLESS STEEL, COPPER OR CAST IRON

| Classifi | cation | Melti point | | Alloy composition | (%) | Phys prope | sical erties | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|-----------|----------------|-----|-------------------------|------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | ~Cu 471 | Solidus | 870 | Cu | 60 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | ~RCu-Zn C | Liquidus | 890 | Zn | Balance | A (%) | 35 | Coated | ✓ | - | - | - |
| DIN 8513 | L CuZn40 | | | Miscellaneous materials | Si, Mn, Sn | d (g/cm³) | 8.4 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

CUPROX is a Copper and Zinc-based braze-welding alloy, with a small addition of Silicon, Nickel and Manganese, intended to increase adhesion. It is recommended for joining Steels, Steel castings, Copper, Nickel-Silver and Nickel (when working with Cast iron, the workpieces should not be overheated). CUPROX (coated) enables simplified use of the brazing metal, without the need to manually control flux addition. If needed it should be used in conjunction with POLYFLUX.

APPLICATIONS: Locksmithing and automatic workshops on turntables.

SUPER-CUPROX

BRAZE-WELDING ALLOY / 1 % Aq

| Classification | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Alloy composition | (%) | Phys prope | | Туре | Recomi | mended | heating | method |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 3677 B Cu 59 Zn Ag Si 850-870 | Solidus | 850 | Cu | 58 | Rm (MPa) | 480 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Liquidus | 870 | Ag | 1 | A (%) | 30 | Coated | ✓ | - | - | - |
| | | | Zn | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.5 | | | | | |
| | | | Miscellaneous materials | Si, Mn, Sn | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

SUPER-CUPROX is a Copper, Zinc and Silver-based braze-welding alloy, with a small addition of Silicon, Manganese and Tin, intended to increase adhesion. Compared to CUPROX, it also contains 1 % of Silver. This addition lowers its melting temperature while producing superior fluidity enabling performance of delicate work. Due to its slightly lower melting temperature, it is recommended for brazing galvanised steels, as it protects the zinc layer.

SUPER-CÚPROX (flux coated) enables simplified use of the brazing metal, without the need to manually control flux addition. If needed it should be used in conjunction with POLYFLUX

APPLICATIONS: Locksmithing and automatic workshops on turntables.

BRAZE-WELDING ALLOYS





506

BRAZE-WELDING ALLOY WITH NICKEL

| | Classification | Mel point | | Alloy composition (% |) | Phys prope | | Туре | Recomi | nended | heating | method |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|-----|-------------------------|---------|---------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 3677 | B Cu 50 Zn Ni Si 890-900 | Solidus | 890 | Cu | 51 | Rm (MPa) | 550 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | Liquidus | 900 | Ni | 6 | A (%) | 30 | Coated | ✓ | - | - | - |
| | | | | Zn | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.5 | | | | | |
| | | | | Miscellaneous materials | Si | | | | | | | |

Alloy 506 is a braze-welding alloy with 6 % Nickel, which increased mechanical strength compared to CUPROX. It is used for high-stress joints and for Chromium and Nickel plating.

Alloy 506 (coated) enables simplified use of the brazing metal, without the need to manually control flux addition. If needed it should be used in conjunction with POLYFLUX.

- APPLICATIONS: Mainly in locksmithing, manufacturing of office equipment or bicycle frames.

■ NICROX 49 C1

HIGH STRENGTH BRAZE-WELDING

| Classifi | cation | Mel ⁻ point | ting t (°C) | Alloy composition (% | 6) | Phys prope | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|-----|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Cu 773 | Solidus | 890 | Cu | 48 | Rm (MPa) | 750 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | RB Cu Zn-D | Liquidus | 920 | Ni | 10 | A (%) | 25 | Coated | ✓ | - | - | - |
| DIN 8513 | L CuNi10Zn42 | | | Zn | Balance | d (g/cm³) | 8.7 | | | | | |
| | | | | Miscellaneous materials | Si | | | | | | | |

NICROX 49 C1 is a braze-welding alloy with 10 % Nickel, which increases its mechanical strength compared to alloy 506. NICROX 49 (flux coated) enables simplified use of the brazing metal, without the need to manually control flux addition. If needed it should be used in conjunction with POLYFLUX.

APPLICATIONS: High stress joints, locksmithing, mountain bicycles frames, metal furnishings, carbide inserts.

SUPER-NICROX

HIGH STRENGTH BRAZE-WELDING - 1 % Aq

| | Classification | Melt point | ing (°C) | Alloy composition (% | 6) | Phys prope | | Туре | Recomi | mended | heating | method |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 3677 | B Cu 48 Zn Ni Ag Si 870-900 | Solidus | 870 | Cu | 48 | Rm (MPa) | 750 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| | | Liquidus 900 | | Ni | 9 | A (%) | 25 | Coated | ✓ | - | - | - |
| | | | | Ag | 1 | d (g/cm³) | 8.7 | | | | | |
| | | | | Zn | Balance | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Miscellaneous materials | Si, Mn, Sn | | | | | | | |

SUPER-NICROX is a high-quality braze-welding alloy with 1 % Silver, as compared to NICROX 49 C1. This addition lowers its melting temperature while producing superior fluidity, thereby providing good fluidity enabling performance of delicate work. SUPER-NICROX (coated) enables simplified use of the brazing metal, without the need to manually control flux addition.

SUPER-NICKUX (coated) enables simplified use of the brazing metal, without the need to manually control flux addition If needed it should be used in conjunction with POLYFLUX.

- APPLICATIONS: Delicate work, high stress joints, carbide inserts.

AVAILABILITY OF BRAZE WELDING ALLOYS IN DIFFERENT TYPES AND SIZES

| Reference | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BARE RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 500 - 1000 | 1 - 5 | | | | | | | |
| FLUX COATED RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 500 - 1000 | 1 - 5 | | | | | | | |
| | | spools (random wound) | 15 (+/- 1 kg) | | | | | | | |
| WIRE (SPOOL, COIL) | 1,5 → 3,0 | spools (precision wound) | 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) | | | | | | | |
| | | coils | 20 (+/- 1 kg) (Other weights can be provided on request.) | | | | | | | |
| RINGS AND PREFORMS | | Dimensions and quantities n | nay be provided on request. | | | | | | | |
| COATING TYPE | COATING TYPE Standard - 10 % (Other types may be provided on request.) | | | | | | | | | |

p ing,

SILVER ALLOYS

+ PRODUCT ADVANTAGES: These alloys are used for brazing Steel, Brass, Bronze, Nickel and Copper alloys as well as all Ferrous and Non-Ferrous metals (except for Aluminium and Manganese). The presence of Silver in large amounts makes it possible to develop alloys with relatively low melting temperatures. Silver brazing alloys are recommended for all brazing methods. The use of flux is indispensible when brazing in open air. The coated BRAZARGENT® rods simplify the brazing, without the need to manually control flux addition.

Selectarc is continuously developing and expanding its range of brazing metals based on this type of alloys, and **BRAZARGENT** ® is one of its registered trademarks.

OUR RANGE OF ALLOYS COMPRISES OF TWO LARGE PRODUCTS FAMILIES

TERNARY ALLOYS

Our BRAZARGENT® "Series 15" product range comprises ternary alloys (containing Silver, Copper and Zinc) with a melting temperature above 675 °C, enabling to use stepped brazing.

Our range of BRAZARGENT® ternary alloys:

- Compared to quaternary alloys, this range provides higher ductility and is considered thick,
- Enables use of stepped brazing at melting temperatures above 675 °C,
- Enables brazing parts with large joining tolerances,
- Provides good filling of larger joint gap.



2 QUATERNARY ALLOYS WITH TIN/NICKEL

Our BRAZARGENT® "Serie 50" and "Serie 30" range of products are quaternary range of alloys containing Silver, Copper, Zinc and Tin/Nickel. Increasing the percentage of Silver of a quaternary braze results in a lower melting point and improved fluidity. These alloys are used for joining Copper alloys as well as the strongest grades of Steel and Stainless steel.

They are highly valued in Equipment manufacturing, tool making, precision mechanics, jewellery and eyeglass manufacture, aerospace industry, food industry, medical gas supply piping, etc.

Our range of BRAZARGENT® quaternary alloys:

- Gives high mechanical strength and good flowability,
- Enables brazing most metals that can be brazed in open air,
- Requires controlled cooling to prevent the risks of weakening of the brazed joint,
- Produces brazed joints and couplings that are practically invisible, being thus suitable for delicate work with tight clearances between 0.05 to 0.15 mm,
- Recommended for manufacturing and in Maintenance
 Repair.

SELECTION CRITERIA - TYPE OF COATING

When evaluating an offer of flux coated rods, it is important to consider their proportion of coating. The same type of product may be offered with Thicker coatings (30 %, 35 %, or even more) and achieve a price advantage by providing more flux and less metal.

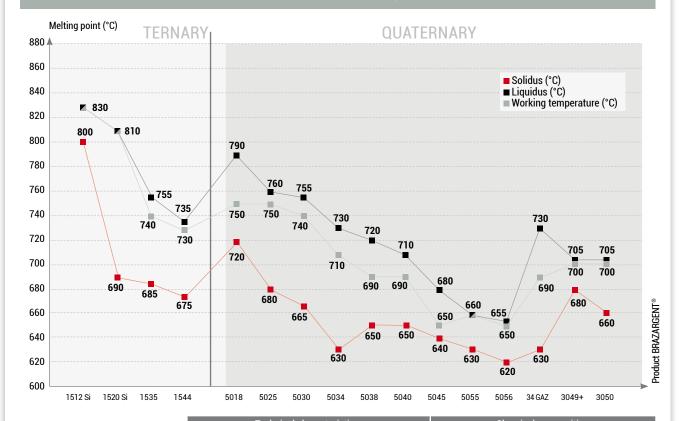
Be aware of this situation!

BY MAKING THE RIGHT CHOICE OF COATING YOU CAN MAKE SAVINGS AND PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT!

| FOR FLUX COAT | ED RODS |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Coating percentage (%) | Coating type |
| 10 | Very thin |
| 25 | Thin |
| 30 | Standard |
| 40 | Thick |



SELECTION CRITERIA - MELTING POINT / WORKING TEMPERATURE



| | | | Technic | al characteristic | S | | | | Chemic | cal comp | osition | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------|-------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------|--------|--------|
| | Туре | Solidus (°C) | □ Liquidus (°C) | □ Working temperature (°C) | Rm (MPa) | A (%) | Ag (%) | Cu (%) | Zn (%) | Sn (%) | Mn (%) | Si (%) | Ni (%) |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 1512 Si | 800 | 830 | 830 | 390 | 17.0 | 12.0 | 48.0 | 40.0 | - | - | 0.2 | - |
| ERNARY | ■ BRAZARGENT 1520 Si | 690 | 810 | 810 | 400 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 44.0 | 36.0 | - | - | 0.2 | - |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 1535 | 685 | 755 | 740 | 420 | 22.0 | 35.0 | 32.0 | 33.0 | - | - | - | - |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 1544 | 675 | 735 | 730 | 400 | 25.0 | 44.0 | 30.0 | 26.0 | - | - | - | - |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5018 | 720 | 790 | 750 | 450 | 15.0 | 18.0 | 47.0 | 33.0 | 2.0 | - | - | - |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5025 | 680 | 760 | 750 | 510 | 18.0 | 25.0 | 40.0 | 33.0 | 2.0 | - | - | - |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5030 | 665 | 755 | 740 | 500 | 18.0 | 30.0 | 36.0 | 32.0 | 2.0 | - | - | - |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5034 | 630 | 730 | 710 | 500 | 18.0 | 34.0 | 36.0 | 28.0 | 2.0 | - | - | - |
| R₹ | ■ BRAZARGENT 5038 | 650 | 720 | 690 | 520 | 18.0 | 38.0 | 32.0 | 28.0 | 2.0 | - | - | - |
| QUATERNAR | ■ BRAZARGENT 5040 | 650 | 710 | 690 | 500 | 17.0 | 40.0 | 30.0 | 28.0 | 2.0 | - | - | - |
| ATE | ■ BRAZARGENT 5045 | 640 | 680 | 650 | 500 | 14.0 | 45.0 | 27.0 | 25.5 | 2.5 | - | - | - |
| 9 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5055 | 630 | 660 | 660 | 510 | 11.0 | 55.0 | 21.0 | 22.0 | 2.0 | - | - | - |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 | 620 | 655 | 650 | 470 | 18.0 | 56.0 | 22.5 | 17.5 | 5.0 | - | - | - |
| | BRAZARGENT 34 GAZ | 630 | 730 | 690 | 500 | 20.0 | 34.0 | 36.0 | 27.5 | 2.5 | - | - | - |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 3049+ | 680 | 705 | 700 | 500 | - | 49.0 | 16.0 | 23.0 | - | 7.5 | - | 4.4 |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 3050 | 660 | 705 | 700 | 500 | 20.0 | 50.0 | 20.0 | 28.0 | - | - | - | 2.0 |

SILVER ALLOYS



TERNARY ALLOYS

BRAZARGENT 1512 Si TERNARY ALLOY / 12 % Aq Working temperature (°C) ecommended heating method Melting point (°C) Alloy composition (%) Physical Classification Type properties EN ISO 17672 Ag 212 Solidus 800 Ag 12.0 Rm (MPa) 390 Bare **AWS A5.8** 830 Cu 48.0 17 Liquidus A (%) Coated **DIN 8513** 39.7 8.4 L-Ag 12 Zn d (g/cm3) 0.2

Ternary alloy containing Copper, Zinc, Silver (12%) and Silicon. Silver and Zinc contents lowers the melting point. This viscous alloy is suitable to join most Ferrous and Non-Ferrous metals with the notable exception of Aluminium and Magnesium. Use in conjunction with BORINOX or POLYFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods.

- APPLICATIONS: Refrigeration and air conditioning industry, Plumbing Technology.

☐ BRAZARGENT 1520 Si

ECONOMICAL - ALL JOINTS (EXCEPT FOR ALUMINIUM) / 20 % Ag

| Classifi | cation | Mel point | ting : (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|---------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 220 | Solidus | 690 | 810 | Ag | 20.0 | Rm (MPa) 400 | | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 810 | | Cu | 44.0 | A (%) | 20 | Coated | ✓ | - | - | - |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 20 | | | | Zn | 35.8 | d (g/cm³) | 8.4 | | | | | |
| | | | | | Si | 0.2 | | | | | | | |

Ternary alloy containing 20 % Silver with medium fluidity, ideal for both single and multiple material joints. Its structure enables stepped brazing (reheating) and performance of difficult jobs on Steel parts, where a standard Brass brazing alloy cannot properly produce the joint. To be used bare in conjunction with AGFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods.

- APPLICATIONS: Difficult jobs, food industry.

☐ BRAZARGENT 1535

TERNARY ALLOY / 35 % Ag

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | | loy ition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | Recomi | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|----------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|------------------|------------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 235Si | Solidus | 685 | 740 | Ag | 35.0 | Rm (MPa) | 420 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | - | \checkmark |
| AWS A5.8 | BAg-35 | Liquidus | 755 | | Cu | 32.0 | A (%) | 22 | Coated | ✓ | ✓ | - | \checkmark |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Zn | 33.0 | d (g/cm³) | 9.0 | | | | | |

Ternary alloy containing 35 % Silver with standard fluidity. To be used bare in conjunction with AGFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods.

• APPLICATIONS: Brazing of industrial and domestic air conditioning equipment.



■ BRAZARGENT 1544

TERNARY ALLOY / 44 % Ag

| Classific | cation | Melt point | ting : (°C) | Working temperature (°C) com | | loy iition (%) | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|----------|---------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------------|-----|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 244Si | Solidus | 675 | 730 | Ag | 44.0 | Rm (MPa) | 400 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 735 | | Cu | 30.0 | A (%) | 25 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | \checkmark |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 44 | | | | Zn | 26.0 | d (g/cm³) | 8.9 | | | | | |

Ternary alloy containing 44% Silver. Higher elongation than BRAZARGENT 1520 Si. To be used in conjunction with AGFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods, for brazing in open air.

APPLICATIONS: Alloy suitable for wide clearances, forming a large fillet. Used in the electrical industry and Brass brazing.

CADMIUM-FREE QUATERNARY ALLOYS WITH TIN

☐ BRAZARGENT 5018

CADMIUM-FREE / 18 % Aq

| CI | assification | Meltir point (| ng °C) | Working temperature (°C) | ' I AllOV | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|------|------------------------|-----|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 3677 | B Cu 47 Zn Ag Sn 720-790 | | | 750 | Ag | 18.0 | Rm (MPa) | 450 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 790 | | Cu | 47.0 | A (%) | 15 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Zn | 33.0 | d (g/cm³) | 8.4 | | | | | |
| | | | | | Sn | 1.8 | | | | | | | |

Quaternary alloy containing 18 % Silver. Its minimum fluidity makes it suitable for brazing parts with small clearances or small areas. It has good joint filling capacity. Lap joints are recommended. However, butt joints are permissible if conditions are less demanding. To be used bare in conjunction with AGFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods.

• APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Steel, Copper or Brass parts that have no particular specifications or restrictions.

■ BRAZARGENT 5025

CADMIUM-FREE / 25 % Ag

| Cla | assification | Meltii point (| ng °C) | Working temperature (°C) | | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------|-----------|------------------------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 125Si | Solidus | 680 | 750 | Ag | 25.0 | Rm (MPa) | 510 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAg-37 | Liquidus | 760 | | Cu | 40.0 | A (%) | 18 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 25 Sn | | | | Zn | 33.0 | d (g/cm³) | 8.5 | | | | | |
| | | | | | Sn | 1.8 | | | | | | | |

Quaternary alloy containing 25 % Silver. Its minimum fluidity makes it suitable for brazing parts with small clearances or small areas. It has good joint filling capacity. Lap joints are recommended. However, butt joints are permissible if conditions are less demanding. To be used bare in conjunction with AGFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods.

APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Steel, Copper or Brass parts that have no particular specifications or restrictions.

■ BRAZARGENT 5030

CADMIUM-FREE / 30 % Ag

| Cla | assification | Meltii point (| ng (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------|------------------------|-----|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 130Si | Solidus | 665 | 740 | Ag | 30.0 | Rm (MPa) | 500 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 755 | | Cu | 36.0 | A (%) | 18 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 30 Sn | | | | Zn | 31.5 | d (g/cm³) | 8.8 | | | | | |
| | | | | | Sn 2.3 | | | | | | | | |

Quaternary alloy containing 30 % Silver. Its minimum fluidity makes it suitable for brazing parts with small clearances. It has good capillarity and joint filling capacity. Lap joints are recommended. However, butt joints are permissible if conditions are less demanding. To be used bare in conjunction with AGFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods.

• APPLICATIONS: Brazing of Steel, Copper or Brass parts that have no particular specifications or restrictions.

The technical characteristics of BRAZARGENT® products are presented in the tables on p. 35 or p. 54.



■ BRAZARGENT 5034

CADMIUM-FREE / 34 % Ag

| Classifi | | | Melting Working temperature (°C) | | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recomi | nended | heating | method |
|--------------|------------|----------|----------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|------|------------------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 134Si | Solidus | 630 | 710 | Ag | 34.0 | Rm (MPa) | 500 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 730 | | Cu | 36.0 | A (%) | 20 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 34 Sn | | | | Zn | 28.0 | d (g/cm³) | 8.9 | TBW | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | | | | Sn | 2.0 | | | | | | | |

Multi-purpose quaternary alloy containing 34 % Silver recommended for all single and multiple material joints. Very good brazing properties. High performance, cost-effective alloy.

The BRAZARGENT 5034 products (bare, coated, TBW) have some of the best technical performance/price ratios of the BRAZARGENT® series. This alloy offers good performance in terms of operating brazeability (melting point/fluidity) and good mechanical properties. To be used in conjunction with AGFLUX, or in the form of flux coated rods or TBW.

- APPLICATIONS: Cold/hot industrial equipment (HVAC), household appliances, and a variety of applications in the food and healthcare sectors.

■ BRAZARGENT 5038

CADMIUM-FREE / 38 % Ag

| Classif | cation | Mel point | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | loy ition (%) | Physio proper | | Туре | Recomi | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|----------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 138Si | Solidus | 650 | 690 | Ag | 38.0 | Rm (MPa) | 520 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAg-34 | Liquidus | 720 | | Cu | 32.0 | A (%) | 18 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Zn | 28.0 | d (g/cm³) | 8.8 | TBW | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | | | | Sn | 2.0 | | | | | | | |

Quaternary alloy containing 38 % Silver with good fluidity. To be used bare in conjunction with AGFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods.

APPLICATIONS: Cold/hot industrial equipment (HVAC), household appliances, food and healthcare sectors, etc.

■ BRAZARGENT 5040

UNIVERSAL AG BRAZING ALLOY (EXCEPT FOR ALUMINIUM) / 40 % Ag

| Classific | cation | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | oy ition (%) | Physio proper | | Туре | Recomi | nended | heating | method |
|--------------|----------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 140Si | Solidus | 650 | 690 | Ag | 40.0 | Rm (MPa) | 500 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAg-28 | Liquidus | 710 | | Cu | 30.0 | A (%) | 17 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Zn | 28.0 | d (g/cm³) | 9.1 | TBW | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | | | | Sn | 2.0 | | | | | | | |

Multi-purpose quaternary alloy containing 40 % Silver recommended for all single and multiple material joints. BRAZARGENT 5040 is a universal brazing alloy with good fluidity, excellent brazing properties, wetting quality and ease of application. This alloy offers good performance in terms of operating brazeability (melting point/fluidity) and good mechanical properties. To be used in conjunction with AGFLUX, or in the form of flux coated rods or TBW.

- APPLICATIONS: Cold/hot industrial equipment (HVAC), household appliances, food and healthcare sectors, etc.

☐ BRAZARGENT 5045

CADMIUM-FREE / 45 % Ag

| | | | | | | | | | 01 | 1011110 | | / . | 0 .0 / 19 |
|--------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----|--------|---------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| Classific | cation | Mel ^t point | ting : (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | loy iition (%) | Physio proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | d heating | g method |
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 145Si | Solidus | 640 | 650 | Ag | 45.0 | Rm (MPa) | 500 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAg-36 | Liquidus | 680 | | Cu | 27.0 | A (%) | 14 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 45 Sn | | | | Zn | 25.5 | d (g/cm³) | 9.1 | TBW | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | | | | Sn | 2.5 | | | | | | | |

Quaternary alloy containing 45 % Silver. BRAZARGENT 5045 is the standard brazing alloy. Suitable for use for delicate jobs. This alloy offers good performance in terms of operating brazeability (melting point/fluidity) and good mechanical properties. To be used in conjunction with AGFLUX, or in the form of flux coated rods or TBW.

- APPLICATIONS: Cold/hot industrial equipment (HVAC), household appliances, food and healthcare sectors, etc.

☐ BRAZARGENT 5055

CADMIUM-FREE / 55 % Ag

| Classifi | assification Melting point (°C) | | | Working Alloy composition (%) | | | Physic proper | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|----------|-----|-------------------------------|----|------|------------------|------|--------|--------|---------|--------|---|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 155Si | Solidus | 630 | 660 | Ag | 55.0 | Rm (MPa) | 510 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 660 | | Cu | 21.0 | A (%) | 11 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | L-Ag 55 Sn | | | | Zn | 22.0 | d (g/cm³) | 9.2 | | | | | |
| | | | | | Sn | 2.0 | | | | | | | |

Quaternary alloy containing 55 % Silver. To be used bare in conjunction with AGFLUX or in the form of flux coated rods.

- APPLICATIONS: All types of delicate jobs on Stainless steel parts or joints that require the lowest possible brazing temperature.



BRAZARGENT 5056

SUPERIOR PHYSICAL PROPERTIES - CADMIUM-FREE / 56 % Ag

| Classific | cation | Mel ¹ point | ting : (°C) | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | oy ition (%) | Physio proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|----------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|--------|-------|--------|--------------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 156Si | Solidus | 620 | 650 | Ag | 56.0 | Rm (MPa) | 470 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | \checkmark | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAg-7 | Liquidus | 655 | | Cu | 22.0 | A (%) | 18 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Zn | 17.0 | d (g/cm³) | 9.5 | TBW | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | | | | Sn | 4.9 | | | | | | | |

Quaternary alloy containing 56 % Silver, used for joints that must meet strict safety requirements. This grade has the lowest melting point in the BRAZARGENT® series. It has excellent capillarity and produces brazed joints with a beautiful appearance. This alloy offers good performance in terms of operating brazeability (melting point/fluidity) and good mechanical properties. To be used in conjunction with AGFLUX, or in the form of flux coated rods or TBW.

■ APPLICATIONS: Food industry, medical instruments, cooling systems, compressors, special joints, jewellery, etc.

🛘 BRAZARGENT 34 GAZ **COMBUSTIBLE GAS INSTALLATIONS - CADMIUM-FREE / 34 % Ag** Recommended heating method

| Classific | cation | Meli point | | temperature (°C) | All compos | oy ition (%) | Physic proper | | Туре | | <u> </u> | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---|---|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 134 | Solidus | 630 | 690 | Ag | 34.0 | Rm (MPa) | 500 | Bare | | | | |
| AWS A5.8 | according to ATG B.524-3 | Liquidus | 730 | | Cu | 36.0 | A (%) | 20 | (Ø 2 x 500mm) | \checkmark | \checkmark | ✓ | ✓ |
| DIN 8513 | certification | | | | Zn | 27.5 | d (g/cm³) | 8.9 | Wire | | | | |
| | | | | | Sn | 2.5 | | | Ø 1.6 et 2.0 mm Preforms | | | | |

Quaternary alloy containing 34 % Silver, certified by CERTIGAZ in conjunction with AGFLUX (paste) under reference ATG 1614. It is recommended for high-strength capillary brazing of Copper/Brass/Steel pipes of combustible gas installations. Its excellent fluidity makes it suitable for brazing of joints with tight clearances.

APPLICATIONS: Combustible gas installations.

■ BRAZARGENT 3049+ HIGH STRENGTH Working Alloy composition (%) Physical properties Melting point (°C) Classification Type **EN ISO 17672** Ag 449Si Solidus 680 700 49.0 Rm (MPa) 500 Bare **AWS A5.8** BAq-22 Liquidus 705 Cu 16.0 A(%) Coated **DIN 8513** L-Ag 49 Zn 23.0 d (g/cm3) 8.9 7.5 Mn

BRAZARGENT 3049+ is specifically developed for brazing Tungsten carbide on Steel or Stainless steel supports. This is an alloy with Manganese and Nickel that has a low melting point and good wetting characteristics. For use in conjunction with AGFLUX.

4.5

Ni

- APPLICATIONS: Inserts, cutting tools, drilling bits, etc.

☐ BRAZARGENT 3050

CADMIUM-FREE / 50 % Ag. 2% Ni

| Classifi | cation | Mel point | | Working temperature (°C) | All compos | loy ition (%) | Physi proper | | Туре | Recom | mended | d heating | method |
|--------------|----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|--------|-----------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Ag 450Si | Solidus | 660 | 695 | Ag | 50.0 | Rm (MPa) | 540 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAg-24 | Liquidus | 705 | | Cu | 20.0 | A(%) | 20 | Coated | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | Zn | 28.0 | d (g/cm³) | 9 | TBW | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | | | | Ni | 1.9 | | | | | | | |

BRAZARGENT 3050 is a low melting silver based brazing alloy with Nickel (Ni) improves wettability for Tungsten carbide and material difficult to wet, such as Molybdenum, Tantalum and Chromium. Also Improves joining strength. For use in conjunction with AGFLUX or BORINOX Flux.

• APPLICATIONS: E.g. Cutting tools, Medical, Dental and hospital applications, in Electric and Automotive industry, Plumbing.

AVAILABILITY OF BRAZARGENT ® PRODUCTS (ternary & quaternary alloys) IN DIFFERENT TYPES AND SIZES

| Reference | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BARE RODS | 1,0 → 3,0 | 500 | 0,25 - 1 - 5 | | | | | | |
| FLUX COATED RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 500 | 0,25 - 1 - 5 | | | | | | |
| - TBW | 1,6 → 3,0 | 500 | 0,25 - 1 - 5 | | | | | | |
| | | spools (random wound) | 1 - 5 - 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) | | | | | | |
| • WIRE (SPOOL, COIL) | 1,5 → 3,0 | spools (precision wound) | 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) | | | | | | |
| | | coils | 20 (+/- 1 kg) (Other weights can be provided on request.) | | | | | | |
| RINGS AND PREFORMS | | Dimensions and quantities may be provided on request. | | | | | | | |
| COATING TYPE | Standard 30 % (Other types may be provided on request.) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

OVERVIEW

WHAT IS TUBULAR BRAZING WIRE?



FLUX

- 12 % for Ag
- 20 % for Harasil
- 14 % for Zinal







■ TUBULAR BRAZING WIRE (TBW)

• TBW is a brazing flux cored wire, used for manual as well as automatic brazing. This is a unique patented process. The flux is filled in the extruded seamless tube ensuring a constant alloy to flux ratio. This filled tube is drawn to lower diameter in steps.

MAIN FEATURES

Easy to use: 2 in 1 product, no additional fluxing

TBW is a cost economic solution compare to conventional brazing products:

- less alloy consumption : optimum usage of alloy and limit over-flow,
- higher productivity: consistent quality and mechanized brazing,
- less rejection: better visibility during operation,
- less post-braze cleaning: less residue due to optimum flux ratio,
- less inventory: no need of paste appliance and more storage space,
- less consumable wastage: no coating fragility.

User friendly:

- Less fatigue: less fumes, no fluxing.
- Better operator safety: no splashing.

Health safety:

- No physical contact with the flux/coating.
- Environmental friendly: conform to REACH/ECHA and RoHS.
- Higher shelf-life even in tropical climates.

Available in different Forms (Rods, Spools, Rings, Preforms...)



PRODUCT RANGE

| Product name | % Ag | Alloy | NF EN ISO 17672 2016 | AWS A5.8 2015 | Temperatur Range (°C) |
|-----------------------|------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| ■ BRAZARGENT 5034 TBW | 34 | Cu-Ag-Zn-Sn | Ag 134Si | - | 630-730 |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 5038 TBW | 38 | Cu-Ag-Zn-Sn | Ag 138Si | BAg-34 | 650-720 |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 5040 TBW | 40 | Cu-Ag-Zn-Sn | Ag 140Si | BAg-28 | 650-710 |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 5045 TBW | 45 | Cu-Ag-Zn-Sn | Ag 145Si | BAg-36 | 640-680 |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 TBW | 56 | Cu-Ag-Zn-Sn | Ag 156Si | BAg-7 | 620-655 |
| ■ BRAZARGENT 3050 TBW | 50 | Cu-Ag-Zn-Ni | Ag 450Si | BAg-24 | 660-705 |
| ■ HARASIL NC 12 TBW | - | Al-Si (88:12) | Al112 | | 575-585 |
| ■ ZINAL 4 TBW | - | Zn-Al (98:2) | DIN 1707-100 : | S-Zn 98 Al 2 | 382-420 |







■ DIMENSIONS AND DIFFERENT FORMS AVAILABLE

| Rod = Diam x Length | Wire diameter | Interior ring diameter | Weight per spool | Coils |
|---------------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| (mm) | (mm) | (Id, mm) | (D100, D200, D300) | (Dimensions, Weight) |
| 1.00 to 5.00 x 500 / 1000 | 0.80 to 3.00 | 2.00 to 20.00 or more | 0.500 to 10 kg/spool | On request. |

Note: Customized alloys wire sizes and pre-forms can be manufactured on request.

ALUMINIUM ALLOYS

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES: Our alloys (Aluminium-Silicon and Zinc-Aluminium) can be used for most brazing applications of aluminium parts among themselves or with other materials. Significant development efforts to simplify and optimise this class of brazing alloys (such as the TBW and TBM technologies) have resulted in improved stability, repeatability and higher profitability of brazing operations.



SOLID WIRES

☐ ZINAL 4

FOR JOINING DISSIMILAR MATERIALS Cu / Al

| Classifi | cation | Mel point | | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| DIN 1707-100 | S-Zn 98 Al 2 | Solidus | 377 | Zn | 98.0 | Rm (MPa) | 104 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 385 | Al | 2.0 | A (%) | - | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 6.90 | | | | | |

ZINAL 4 is a Zinc and Aluminium alloy. It is primarily designed for brazing Magnesium-free Aluminium with other metals, typically Aluminium/Copper. To be used with our ALUNOX NCs flux (non-corrosive).

- APPLICATIONS: Heat exchangers, household appliances, Steel-Aluminium and galvanised Steel-Aluminium electrical connections.

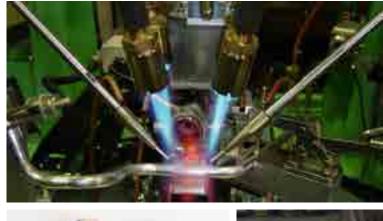
☐ AL12

AI / AI JOINTS

| Classifi | cation | Mel point | | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Al 112 | Solidus | 575 | Si | 12.0 | Rm (MPa) | 140 | Bare | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAISi-4 | Liquidus | 585 | Al | 88.0 | A (%) | 20 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-AlSi 12 | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 2.65 | | | | | |

AlSi12 Aluminium alloy. To be used with fluxes ALUNOX NC (non-corrosive) or FLUX-ODAL (corrosive).

APPLICATIONS: Automotive air conditioning, heat exchangers, household appliances.











ALUMINIUM ALLOYS



TBW / TBM™ WIRES

☐ ZINAL 4 TBW

FOR JOINING DISSIMILAR MATERIALS Cu / AI (FLUX AND ALLOY)

| Classifi | cation | Melt point | | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| DIN 1707-100 | S-Zn 98 Al 2 | Solidus | 385 | Zn | 98.0 | Rm (MPa) | 104 | TBW | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | - | Liquidus | 420 | Al | 2.0 | A (%) | - | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | - | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 6.90 | | | | | |

The ZINAL TBW 4 is a Zinc and Aluminium alloy offering the advantage of tubular brazing, a technology that is unique in the world. Tubular wire with incorporated non-corrosive flux at core. This alloy is designed for brazing Magnesium-free Aluminium parts with other metals (Copper, Steel, Aluminium).

- APPLICATIONS: Heat exchangers, household appliances, Steel-Aluminium and galvanised Steel-Aluminium electrical connections, Copper to Aluminium.

☐ HARASIL NC 12 TBW

AI / AI JOINTS (FLUX AND ALLOY)

| Classifi | cation | Mel point | ting t (°C) | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Al 112 | Solidus | 575 | Si | 12.0 | Rm (MPa) | 140 | TBW | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAISi-4 | Liquidus | 585 | Al | 88.0 | A (%) | 20 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-AlSi 12 | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 2.65 | | | | | |

Alloy designed for brazing Magnesium-free Aluminium parts. Tubular wire with incorporated non-corrosive flux at core. Melting point: 575-585 °C. • APPLICATIONS: Automotive air conditioning, heat exchangers, household appliances.

☐ TBM 12 NCs

AI / AI JOINTS (FLUX AND METAL MIX)

| Classifi | cation | Mel point | | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Al 112 | Solidus | 550 | Si | 12.0 | Rm (MPa) | 140 | Mix | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAISi-4 | Liquidus | 585 | Al | 88.0 | A (%) | 20 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-AlSi 12 | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 2.65 | | | | | |

Alloy designed for brazing Magnesium-free Aluminium parts. Non-corrosive flux mixed inside the metal, melting point: 575-585 °C.

APPLICATIONS: Automotive air conditioning, heat exchangers, household appliances.

☐ TBM 12 NCs 20

AI / AI JOINTS

| Classifi | cation | Mel poin | | Alloy composition (%) | | Physical properties | | Туре | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------|------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN ISO 17672 | Al 112 | Solidus | 550 | Si | 12.0 | Rm (MPa) | 140 | Mix | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.8 | BAISi-4 | Liquidus | 585 | Al | 88.0 | A (%) | 20 | | | | | |
| DIN 8513 | L-AlSi 12 | | | | | d (g/cm³) | 2.65 | | | | | |

Alloy designated for the brazing of magnesium bearing aluminium-alloy (Mg < 1.2%). Non-corrosive flux mixed inside the metal, melting point: 575-585 °C.

APPLICATIONS: Automotive air conditioning, heat exchangers, household appliances.

AVAILABILITY OF ALUMINIUM ALLOYS (AI-Si / Zn-AI) IN DIFFERENT TYPES AND SIZES

| Reference | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|---|
| ■ RODS | 1,6 → 3,0 | 500 - 1000 | 1 - 5 |
| - chool coll | 1,6 → 3,0 | spools (random wound) | 5 (+/- 0,1 kg) |
| SPOOL, COIL | 1,6 - 3,0 | coils | 5 (Other weights can be provided on request.) |

BRAZING FLUXES

+ PRODUCT ADVANTAGES: The purpose of a flux is to dissolve residual impurities, while its increasing fluidity of alloy guides the operator for introduction of the filler rods at brazing joint. A good flux delays the escape of volatile elements and should be displaced by the filler metal once it has melted. After brazing, the flux is removed from the parts by rinsing in hot water or mechanically. When permissible, the thermal shock produced by submerging a hot part causes the flux to be eliminated by bursting.



| | AGFLUX | | | AGFLUX | (Paste) | No.1530 No.1614 | FOR SILVER BRA | AZING / | BORIO | CACID | -FREI | FLUX | |
|--|--------------|------|--------|-------------|----------------|--|-----------------|---------|-------|--------|---------|--------------|--|
| | Classificati | ion | Туре | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Packaging | Weight (g) | Form | Recom | mended | heating | method | |
| | EN 1045 | FH10 | Paste | Solidus | 450 | Plastic jar | 60-200-400-1000 | Paste | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | | | Powder | Liquidus | 800 | (with child safety mechanism and tactile indicator) | 200-400-1000 | Powder | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | \checkmark | |

This flux to be used in conjunction with our BRAZARGENT® product line (Silver-base brazing alloy with a melting temperature below 800 °C). **Boric acid-free flux**. In powder or ready-to-use paste form. High efficiency with minimal application.

- APPLICATIONS: AGFLUX (available in powder): this flux powder is generally used for brazing of alloys, Steels and Copper-based alloys. This high-quality flux produces perfect results even on non-cleaned surfaces.

AGFLUX (Paste) is used for combustible gas installations. It has been certified in conjunction with the PAG 60 brazing alloy under ATG registration number 1530 and in conjunction with the BRAZARGENT 34 GAZ alloy under ATG registration number 1614.

AG ACTIVE PASTE FOR STEEL BRAZING Recommended heating method

| Classificat | ion | Туре | | ting t (°C) | Packaging | Weight (g) | Form | Recom | mended | d heating | g method | |
|-------------|------|-------|----------|----------------|--|------------|-------|-------|----------|-----------|----------|--|
| EN 1045 | FH10 | Paste | Solidus | 550 | Plastic jar | 500-1000 | Dooto | ./ | ./ | ./ | ./ | |
| EN 1045 | FHIU | rasie | Liquidus | 880 | (with child safety mechanism and tactile indicator) | 500-1000 | Paste | V | V | V | V | |

This flux is ready to use. A stream of strong brazing for Copper Stainless Steel and nickel alloys. Paste composed of mixture of Complex Fluoroborates ensuring very good protection of brazing component at high temperature. **Boric acid-free flux**.

 APPLICATIONS: It used in a wide variety of joining applications for many different finished products including applications Switchgears, Farm machinery, Heat Exchanger, Heating equipment, Plumbing Fixtures, Refrigeration and Air conditioning, Ship Repair, Steel Furniture.

■ BORINOX FOR STEEL BRAZING

| Classific | ation | Туре | Mel poin | ting t (°C) | Packaging | Weight (g) | Form | Recom | mendec | heating | method |
|-----------|--------|--------|-------------|----------------|--|--------------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------------|
| EN 1045 | FH10 | Paste | Solidus | 500 | Plastic jar | 400 | Paste | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| AWS A5.3 | 1F83-F | Powder | Liquidus | 800 | (with child safety mechanism and tactile indicator) | 200-500-1000 | Powder | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | \checkmark |

This multipurpose flux may be used in the form of paste or powder with all our BRAZARGENT® brazing filler metals with melting temperatures between 500-800 °C. In powder or ready-to-use paste form.

• APPLICATIONS: This flux has a powerful deoxidising action.

■ POLYFLUX FOR BRAZE-WELDING

| Classificat | ion | Туре | Mel ⁱ point | | Packaging | Weight (g) | Form | Recom | mended | l heating | method |
|-------------|------|--------|---------------------------|------|--|--------------|--------|-------|--------|-----------|--------|
| EN 1045 | FH20 | Paste | Solidus | 800 | Plastic jar | 400 | Paste | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | FH20 | Powder | Liquidus | 1000 | (with child safety mechanism and tactile indicator) | 150-200-1000 | Powder | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

General use brazing flux for braze-welding as well as for autogenous welding of Cast iron. POLYFLUX is a high-efficiency flux enabling strong pickling even on non-cleaned surfaces and producing outstanding adhesion. In powder or ready-to-use paste form.

■ APPLICATIONS: Can be used in combination with braze-welding alloys such as CUPROX® and NICROX.





| <u> </u> | BRAZING | FLU> | KES_c | | | | | | | | ١, | |
|----------|--------------------|------|--------|---------------------|----------------|---|------------|--------|-------|----------|-----------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | N. | je Se | | |
| | ☐ FLUX-OD <i>F</i> | AL. | 21 | | 4.5 | | BB | | | FOR | ALUM | INIUM |
| 3 | Classificat | ion | Туре | Melt point | ting t (°C) | Packaging | Weight (g) | Form | Recom | mended | heating * | method |
| | EN 1045 | FL10 | Powder | Solidus Liquidus | 450 550 | Plastic jar (with child safety mechanism and tactile indicator) | 200-500 | Powder | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

Corrosive scouring flux in powder form intended for brazing Aluminium alloys, other than Magnesium-containing alloys. Exceptional wetting properties. Has a strong deoxidising action.

APPLICATIONS: To be used in conjunction with the AL 12 brazing alloy.

ALUNOX NC

FOR ALUMINIUM / NON-CORROSIVE FLUX

| Classification | | Туре | Mel poin | | Packaging | Weight (g) | Form | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|----------------|------|--------|-------------|-----|--|------------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN 1045 | FL20 | Powder | Solidus | 560 | Plastic jar | 200-1000 | Powder | ./ | ./ | ./ | ./ |
| EN 1045 | FLZU | Powdei | Liquidus | 570 | (with child safety mechanism and tactile indicator) | 200-1000 | Powdei | V | • | • | • |

Non-corrosive scouring flux in powder form for manual and automatic brazing of Aluminium and Aluminium alloys among themselves (not including Aluminium alloys containing Magnesium, and not for Stainless steel or Copper).

APPLICATIONS: To be used in conjunction with our AL 12 brazing alloy.

ALUNOX NCs

| Classification | | Туре | Mel poin | | Packaging | Weight (g) | Form | Recom | mended | heating | method |
|----------------|------|--------|-------------|-----|--|------------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| EN 1045 | FL20 | Powder | Solidus | 400 | Plastic jar | 200-1000 | Paste | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| EN 1045 | FLZU | Powdei | Liquidus | 450 | (with child safety mechanism and tactile indicator) | 200-1000 | Powder | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

Non-corrosive pickling flux for Magnesium-free Aluminium alloys.

APPLICATIONS: To be used in conjunction with our ZINAL 4 brazing alloy.

PHOS FLUX (L)

FOR COPPER / LIQUID FLUX

| | ` ′ | | | | | | 1 011 | 0011 | -11/ | -IQOIL | , i Lovi | |
|--------------|--------------|--------|--|------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------------|------|------|---------------|----------|--|
| | | Mol | Melting Packaging W | | | | Recommended heating method | | | | | |
| Classificati | on | Type | poin | t (°C) | Packaging | Weight (g) | Form | | 900 | * | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 344 | > - | | |
| EN 1045 | FH10 | Liquid | Solidus | 580 | Plastic jar | 0.5 - 1 - 5 - 10 | Liquid | ./ | ./ | ./ | | |
| EN 1045 | Liquidus 880 | 880 | (with child safety mechanism and tactile indicator) | 0.5 - 1 - 5 - 10 | Liquiu | V | • | • | • | | | |

PHOS FLUX (L) ready to use transparent liquid Flux for Copper & Copper Alloys joining. The liquid composed of mixture of Complex borates and fluorine Salts. Give a very good protection of brazing component at high temperature.

APPLICATIONS: Heat Exchanger, Heating equipment, Plumbing Fixtures, Refrigeration and Air conditioning.

STANDARS PACKAGING OF BRAZING FLUXES

| | Reference | | Shape (powder) | Shape (paste) | Weight (g) | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | PHOSBRAZ FLUX | | X | | 60 - 200 | | | |
| | FIIOSDIAZ | ILOX | | Х | 60 - 200 | | | |
| | | | X | | 80 - 200 - 1000 | | | |
| | AGFLUX | N°1530 N°1614 | | х | 60 - 200 - 1000 | | | |
| | AG ACTIVE | PASTE | | Х | 200 -500 - 1000 | | | |
| | DODINOV | | х | | 200 - 500 - 1000 | | | |
| | BORINOX | | | x | 400 | | | |
| | POLYFLUX | | X | | 200 - 1000 | | | |
| | PULYFLUX | | | х | 300 - 1000 | | | |
| | FLUX-ODAL | _ | X | | 200 - 500 | | | |
| | ALUNOX NO | 2 | X | | 200 | | | |
| | ALUNOX NCs CUPRO FLUX | | X | | 200 | | | |
| | | | X | | 150 | | | |
| | | | | х | 300 | | | |
| | PHOS FLUX | ((L) | Sur demande | | | | | |

For further information on other brazing fluxes, their packaging and minimum order quantities, please contact our Sales Department.

CLEANINGOF WORKPIFCES

Depending on the type of used fluxes and their corrosive or non-corrosive residues, it is recommended to clean workpieces by:

- By submerging in hot water fo about half an hour
- Mechanical cleaning
- Using a 10 % sodium hydroxide



APPLICATIONS



OFFERS SUITABLE SOLUTIONS FOR ALL INDUSTRIAL SECTORS

AND OFFERS ASSISTANCE FOR MAKING THE RIGHT CHOICES!



HEATING AND VENTILATION



DOMESTIC AND INDUSTRIAL APPLIANCES



AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY



PLUMBING AND SANITARY FACILITIES



RENEWABLE ENERGY, SOLAR PANELS



CARBIDE AND DIAMOND TIPPED TOOLS



MEASURING AND CONTROL DEVICES



ELECTRO-MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTIONS



TUBULAR STRUCTURES





MAIN APPLICATIONS

- Air conditioning units, heat exchangers,
- Heating systems,
- Floor heating,
- Distribution systems (water, gas, steam), etc.





MAIN APPLICATIONS

- Automobile radiators,
- Air conditioning,
- Braking systems,
- Power steering, etc.

APPLICATIONS



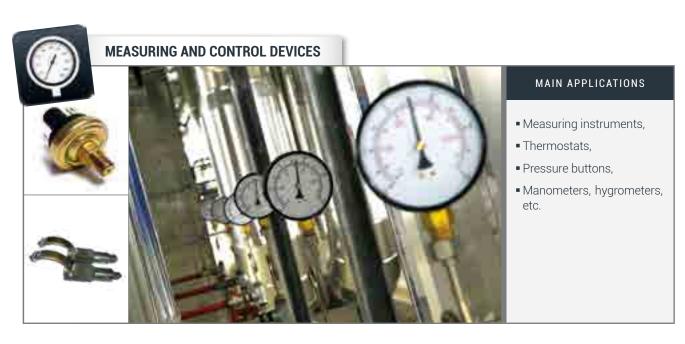
MAIN APPLICATIONS

- For private homes and industrial buildings:
 - Hot/cold water installations,
 - Gas pipes, etc.













APPLICATIONS

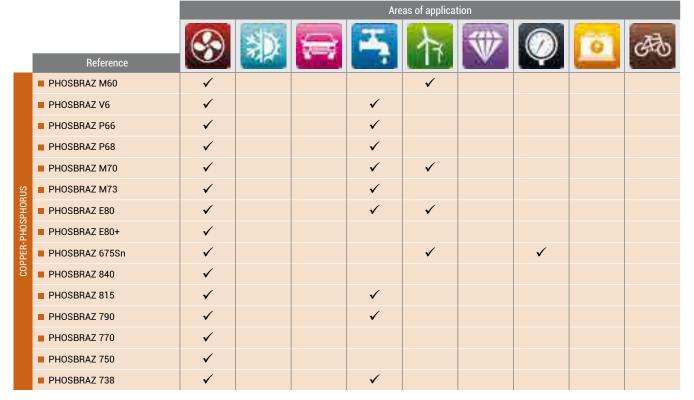




SELECTION CRITERIAS FIND THE PRODUCT THAT MEETS YOUR NEEDS!

WE SUGGEST THE BEST CHOICE, BUT OTHER COMBINATIONS ARE POSSIBLE.

The products may be used in bare form, in conjunction with flux, flux coated, or TBW.



SELECTION

GUIDE



| | | ı | | | | Are | as of applicat | tion | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------|----------|----------|------------|----------------|--------|---|------------|---|
| | Reference | | ③ | 沙 | | 玉 | 7 | ₩ | 0 | 0 | A |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ M68 | | √ | - | | | - | | | 10 | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG4 | | · ✓ | | | | | | | | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG10 | | • | | | √ | | | | | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG20 | | ✓ | √ | | ✓ | √ | | | ✓ | |
| RUS | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG20+ | | • | · • | | · / | , | | | , | |
| SPHO | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG50 | | ✓ | → | | · · | √ | | | √ | |
| -PH0 | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG50+ | | • | ✓ | | | , v | | | , | |
| SILVER-COPPER-PHOSPHORUS | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG60 | | | • | | √ | √ | | | | |
| ER-CC | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG61 | | | | | V ✓ | V | | | | |
| SILVI | | | | ✓ | | ∨ ✓ | | | | √ | |
| | PHOSBRAZ AG100 | | | • | | • | | | | ∨ ✓ | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG150 | | √ | | | | √ | | ✓ | V | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ AG180 | | ✓ | | | _ " | √ | | | | |
| | PAG 60 | lo.1530 | | ı | | For all | pipelines a | nd gas | ı | | |
| | CUPROX | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| çç | SUPER-CUPROX | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| BRASS | 506 | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| | ■ NICROX 49 C1 | | \checkmark | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| | SUPER-NICROX | | \checkmark | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 1512 Si | | | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 1520 Si | | | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 1535 | | | | | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 1544 | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5018 | | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5025 | | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5030 | | \checkmark | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| /ER | ■ BRAZARGENT 5034 | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | ✓ | |
| SILVER | ■ BRAZARGENT 5038 | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5040 | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5045 | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5055 | | \checkmark | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 | | | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 34 GAZ | No.1614 | | | | For all | pipelines a | nd gas | | | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 3049+ | | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 3050 | | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| | ■ ZINAL 4 / TBW | | ✓ | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Σ | ■ AL12 | | ✓ | | | | | | | | |
| ALUMINIUM | ■ HARASIL NC 12 TBW | | | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| ALUI | ■ TBM 12 NCs | | | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| | ■ TBM 12 NCs 20 | | | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

PACKAGING

AVAILABLE IN DIFFERENT TYPES, SHAPES & THEIR PACKING







FLUX COATED RODS

SPOOLS OR COILS







TBM '

PREFORMS







RINGS

RINGS (ON MANDREL)

BRAZING FLUX







48

SERVICE & QUALITY

DFPARTMENTS

Advice and customer assistance

Our team of experienced engineers and metallurgical professionals provides guidance to customers in selecting the most suitable materials for each specific application.

Research and Development (R&D)

The R&D department develops alloys, product shapes, makes procedures and carries out product testing (chemical analysis, thermal analysis and mechanical testing) according to customer requests.

Customer support

The Sales Department is available for fast response to all requests.

Specific request

Custom-made alloys: colour, printing, packaging, brazing demonstrations, technical training in-house or on customer's site, etc.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

ISO 9001 Certification.











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FOR ORDERING...

FOR ORDERING?

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR PRODUCT CODES!



1 UNDERSTANDING OUR CATALOGUE REFERENCE FORMAT

| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|---|--|---------------|---|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Examples of catalogue reference codes | Product description | Alloy code | Form | ø Wire O.D. (mm) | ø Inner I.D. (mm) | Length (mm) | Colour | Printing | Packaging | Packaging colour |
| M7B30500R T200 M7 B 30 - 500 R - T20 0 | PHOSBRAZ M70 • bare rod | M7 | В | 3,0 | - | 500 | R (= pink) | - | T20 (= 5 kg) | 0 (= orange) |
| P60B20500R/F180 P60 B 20 - 500 R /F T18 0 | PAG 60 • marked bare rod | P60 | В | 2,0 | - | 500 | R (= pink) | /F = ATG | T18 (= 1 kg) | O (= orange) |
| CXE20999S T380 CX | CUPROX coated rod | СХ | E | 2,0 | - | 999 (= 1000) | B (= white) | - | T38 (= 5 kg) | O (= orange) |
| C5056200RE C 5056 20 N RE | BRAZARGENT 5056 annealed wire coil | 5056 | C (positioned before the alloy code) | 2,0 | - | - | N (= natural) | - | - | RE (= annealed) |
| C5056200EC C 5056 20 N EC | BRAZARGENT 5056 - cold formed wire coil | 5056 | C (positioned before the alloy code) | 2,0 | - | - | N (= natural) | - | - | EC (= cold forming) |
| 5056A30I55N 5056 A 30 55 - N | BRAZARGENT 5056 • rings | 5056 | A | 3,0 | 55 | - | N (= natural) | - | - | - |

CREATE YOUR OWN ORDERING CODES!

(USE THE LIST OF ALL OUR PRODUCTS AND THEIR RESPECTIVE CODES PROVIDED ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE) ${\sf SIDE}$



YOU CAN NOW PLACE YOUR ORDERS

USING OUR REFERENCE SYSTEM (refer to the price list data).

CREATE YOUR OWN CODES!

3 LISTING OF ALL POSSIBLE CODES

ALLOY CODES

| ALLOT CODES | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Code alliage | Alliage | | | | | | |
| M6 | PHOSBRAZ M60 | | | | | | |
| V6 | PHOSBRAZ V6 | | | | | | |
| P6 | PHOSBRAZ P66 | | | | | | |
| P68 | PHOSBRAZ P68 | | | | | | |
| M7 | PHOSBRAZ M70 | | | | | | |
| M73 | PHOSBRAZ M73 | | | | | | |
| E80 | PHOSBRAZ E80 | | | | | | |
| E8+ | PHOSBRAZ E80+ | | | | | | |
| 675SN | PHOSBRAZ 675Sn | | | | | | |
| 840 | PHOSBRAZ 840 | | | | | | |
| 815 | PHOSBRAZ 815 | | | | | | |
| 790 | PHOSBRAZ 790 | | | | | | |
| 770 | PHOSBRAZ 770 | | | | | | |
| 750 | PHOSBRAZ 750 | | | | | | |
| 738 | PHOSBRAZ 738 | | | | | | |
| M68 | PHOSBRAZ M68 | | | | | | |
| AG04 | PHOSBRAZ AG4 | | | | | | |
| AG10 | PHOSBRAZ AG10 | | | | | | |
| AG20 | PHOSBRAZ AG20 | | | | | | |
| AG20+ | PHOSBRAZ AG20+ | | | | | | |
| AG50 | PHOSBRAZ AG50 | | | | | | |
| AG50+ | PHOSBRAZ AG50+ | | | | | | |
| AG60 | PHOSBRAZ AG60 | | | | | | |
| AG61 | PHOSBRAZ AG61 | | | | | | |
| AG100 | PHOSBRAZ AG100 | | | | | | |

| AG150 | PHOSBRAZ AG150 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| AG180 | PHOSBRAZ AG180 |
| P60 | PAG 60 |
| CX | CUPROX |
| SCX | SUPER-CUPROX |
| 506 | 506 |
| NX | NICROX 49 C1 |
| SN | SUPER-NICROX |
| 1512 | BRAZARGENT 1512 Si |
| 1520 | BRAZARGENT 1520 Si |
| 1535 | BRAZARGENT 1535 |
| 1544 | BRAZARGENT 1544 |
| 5018 | BRAZARGENT 5018 |
| 5025 | BRAZARGENT 5025 |
| 5030 | BRAZARGENT 5030 |
| 5034 | BRAZARGENT 5034 |
| 5034T | BRAZARGENT 5034 TBW |
| 5038 | BRAZARGENT 5038 |
| 5040 | BRAZARGENT 5040 |
| 5040T | BRAZARGENT 5040 TBW |
| 5045 | BRAZARGENT 5045 |
| 5045T | BRAZARGENT 5045 TBW |
| 5055 | BRAZARGENT 5055 |
| 5056 | BRAZARGENT 5056 |
| 5056T | BRAZARGENT 5056 TBW |
| * (Special ref, on request) | BRAZARGENT 34 GAZ |

| 3049+ | BRAZARGENT 3049+ |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 3050 | BRAZARGENT 3050 |
| 3050T | BRAZARGENT 3050 TBW |
| ZINAL4 | ZINAL 4 |
| ZINAL4T | ZINAL 4 TBW |
| ALSI12 | AL12 |
| NC12T | HARASIL NC 12* TBW |
| TBM12 | TBM 12 NCs* |
| * (Special ref, on request) | TBM 12 NCs 20* |
| G810 | G810 |
| G820 | G820 |
| G830 | G830 |
| G840 | G840 |
| CB | CUBRA |
| FLAGF/G | AGFLUX (Paste) |
| FLAGF | AGFLUX (Pulver) |
| FLACT/G | AG ACTIVE PASTE (Paste) |
| BORINOXPATE | BORINOX (Paste) |
| BORINOXPOUDRE | BORINOX (Pulver) |
| FLPOL/G | POLYFLUX (Paste) |
| FLPOL/P | POLYFLUX (Pulver) |
| FLODAL/P | FLUX ODAL (Pulver) |
| FLALUNC/P | ALUNOX NC (Pulver) |
| FLALUNCS/P | ALUNOX NCs (Pulver) |
| FLPHOSL | PHOS FLUX (L) (Liquid) |
| | |

2 FORMS

| Symbol | Form |
|--------|------------------------------|
| В | Bare rods |
| E | Coated rods |
| K | Square rods |
| T | TBW |
| - | ТВМ |
| Α | Rings |
| С | Spool (+ additional code) |
| С | Wire coil |

WIRE DIAMETERS

| Symbol | Wire diameter (mm) |
|--------|--------------------|
| 15 | 1,5 |
| 20 | 2,0 |
| 25 | 2,5 |
| 30 | 3,0 |

Diameter between: 1,0 < 6,0 mm (according to alloy, see the table on p. 55)

INNER DIAMETERS

| Inner diameter (mm) | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| By specific customer request. | |

5 STANDARD LENGTHS

| Symbol | Length (mm) |
|--------|-------------|
| 500 | 500 |
| 999 | 1000 |

6 STANDARD COATING **COLOURS**

| Symbol | colour | Reference |
|--------|--------|--------------------|
| В | White | CUPROX |
| В | White | SUPER-CUPROX |
| В | White | 506 |
| В | White | NICROX 49 C1 |
| В | White | SUPER-NICROX |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 1520 Si |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 1544 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 1545 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5018 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5025 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5030 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5034 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5038 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5040 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5045 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5055 |
| В | White | BRAZARGENT 5056 |
| | | |

STANDARD BARE COLOURS

| Symbol | Bare color | Alloy |
|--------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| R | Copper | CuP / CuPAg |
| N | Natural | Silver brazing metal |
| N | Natural | Brasses / Nickel Silver alloys |
| N/A | Not applicable | Aluminium |

PRINTING

| Printing | |
|---|--|
| For ATG certified alloys or according to specific customer request. | |

PACKAGING

| Weight (kg) | Length (mm) |
|---------------|---|
| 1 kg - Bare | 500 |
| 1 kg - Coated | 500 |
| 5 kg - Bare | 500 |
| 5 kg - Coated | 500 |
| 5 kg - Bare | 1000 |
| 5 kg - Coated | 1000 |
| | 1 kg - Bare 1 kg - Coated 5 kg - Bare 5 kg - Coated 5 kg - Bare |

PACKAGING COLOURS

| 17101010 | 17/01//01/10 002001/0 | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | Packaging colours | | | | |
| В | White | | | | |
| F | Blue | | | | |
| J | Yellow | | | | |
| N | Black | | | | |
| 0 | Orange | | | | |
| R | Red | | | | |
| | | | | | |

TABLE OF EQUIVALENT

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS ALLOYS

| | | | Classification - Standards | | | | YOUR REFERENCE |
|--------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------------|
| | Туре | EN ISO 3677 | EN ISO 17672 | NF EN 1044 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | TOUR REFERENCE |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ M60 | B Cu 94 P 710-890 | CuP 179 | CP 203 | - | L-Cu P6 | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ V6 | B Cu 94 P 710-890 | CuP 179 | CP 203 | - | L-Cu P6 | |
| ٩ | ■ PHOSBRAZ P66 | B Cu 93 P 710-820 | CuP 180 | CP 202 | - | - | |
| BRAZING | ■ PHOSBRAZ P68 | B Cu 93 P 710-820 | CuP 180 | CP 202 | - | L-Cu P7 | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ M70 | B Cu 93 P 710-820 | CuP 180 | CP 202 | B Cu-P 2 | L-Cu P7 | |
| MANUAL | ■ PHOSBRAZ M73 | B Cu 93 P 710-793 | CuP 181 | CP 202 | B Cu-P 2 | L-Cu P7 | |
| Ž | ■ PHOSBRAZ E80 | B Cu 92 P 710-770 | CuP 182 | CP 201 | - | L-Cu P8 | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ E80+ | B Cu 92 P 710-770 | CuP 182 | CP 201 | - | L-Cu P8 | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 675Sn | B Cu 86 Sn Si P 635-675 | CuP 385 | - | B CuP-9 | - | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 840 | B Cu 94 P 710-890 | CuP 179 | CP 203 | - | L-Cu P6 | |
| 92 | ■ PHOSBRAZ 815 | B Cu 93 P 710-820 | CuP 180 | CP 202 | - | L-Cu P7 | |
| RAZII | ■ PHOSBRAZ 790 | B Cu 93 P 710-793 | CuP 181 | CP 202 | B Cu-P 2 | L-Cu P7 | |
| OVEN BRAZING | ■ PHOSBRAZ 770 | B Cu 93 P 710-770 | CuP 182 | - | B Cu-P 2 | L-Cu P7 | |
| OVE | ■ PHOSBRAZ 750 | B Cu 92 P 710-770 | CuP 182 | CP 201 | - | L-Cu P8 | |
| | ■ PHOSBRAZ 738 | B Cu 92 P 710-770 | CuP 182 | CP 201 | - | L-Cu P8 | |

COPPER-PHOSPHORUS-SILVER ALLOYS

| | | Classification - Standards | | | VOLID DEFEDENCE | |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|
| Туре | EN ISO 3677 | EN ISO 17672 | NF EN 1044 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | YOUR REFERENCE |
| PHOSBRAZ M68 | B Cu 93 P Ag 710-815 | - | - | - | - | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG4 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG10 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG20 | B Cu 91 P Ag 645-825 | CuP 279 | CP 105 | - | - | |
| ■ PHOSBRAZ AG20+ | B Cu 91 P Ag 643-788 | CuP 280 | - | BCuP-6 | - | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG50 | B Cu 89 P Ag 645-815 | CuP 281 | CP 104 | BCuP-3 | L-Ag 5 P | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG50+ | B Cu 88 P Ag 643-771 | CuP 282 | - | BCuP-7 | - | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG60 | B Cu 87 P Ag (Ni) 643-771 | CuP 283a | CP 103 | - | - | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG61 | B Cu 87 P Ag 643-813 | CuP 283 | - | BCuP-4 | - | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG100 | B Cu 84 Ag P 650-750 | - | - | - | - | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG150 | B Cu 80 Ag P 645-800 | CuP 284 | CP102 | BCuP-5 | L-Ag 15 P | |
| PHOSBRAZ AG180 | B Cu 75 Ag P 645-645 | CuP 286 | CP101 | - | L-Ag 18 P | |
| PAG 60 | B Cu 87 P Ag (Ni) 645-725 | NF A81-362: CuP 291 | - | - | - | |

BRAZE-WELDING ALLOYS

| | | Classification - Standards | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|
| Туре | EN ISO 3677 | EN ISO 17672 | NF EN 1044 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | YOUR REFERENCE |
| ■ CUPROX | B Cu 60 Zn Si 870-890 | ~Cu 471 | ~CU304 | ~RCu-Zn C | L CuZn40 | |
| ■ SUPER-CUPROX | B Cu 59 Zn Ag Si 850-870 | - | - | - | - | |
| 506 | B Cu 50 Zn Ni Si 890-900 | - | - | - | - | |
| ■ NICROX 49 C1 | B Cu 48 Zn Ni Si 890-920 | Cu 773 | CU305 | Rcu-Zn D | L CuNi10Zn42 | |
| ■ SUPER-NICROX | B Cu 48 Zn Ni Ag Si 870-900 | - | - | - | - | |

BRAZARGENT®, CUPROX®, PHOSBRAZ® ARE REGISTERED TRADEMARKS.



The ATG brand

Filler alloys and brazing fluxes used for bonding natural gas and propane piping require the approval of CERTIGAZ (Mandated agency for ATG brand management), Products that meet these criterias are identified by the above symbol.





SILVER ALLOYS

| | | Classification - Standards | | | YOUR REFERENCE | | |
|------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------|
| | Туре | EN ISO 3677 | EN ISO 17672 | NF EN 1044 | AWS A5.8 | DIN 8513 | TOUR REFERENCE |
| OYS | ■ BRAZARGENT 1512 Si | B Cu 48 Zn Ag (Si) 800-830 | Ag 212 | AG207 | - | L-Ag 12 | |
| ALL. | ■ BRAZARGENT 1520 Si | B Cu 46 Zn Ag Si 690-810 | Ag 220 | ~AG206 | - | L-Ag 20 | |
| NAR | ■ BRAZARGENT 1535 | B Ag 35 Cu Zn 685-755 | Ag 235Si | - | BAg-35 | - | |
| 뿔 | ■ BRAZARGENT 1544 | B Ag 44 Cu Zn 675-735 | Ag 244Si | AG203 | - | L-Ag 44 | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5018 | B Cu 47 Zn Ag Sn 720-790 | - | - | - | - | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5025 | B Cu 40 Zn Ag Sn 680-760 | Ag 125Si | AG108 | BAg-37 | L-Ag 25 Sn | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 5030 | B Cu 36 Zn Ag Sn 665-755 | Ag 130Si | AG107 | - | - | |
| တ | ■ BRAZARGENT 5034 | B Cu 36 Ag Zn Sn 630-730 | Ag 134Si | AG106 | - | L-Ag 34 Sn | |
| LLOY | ■ BRAZARGENT 5038 | B Ag 38 Cu Zn Sn 650-720 | Ag 138Si | - | BAg-34 | - | |
| RY A | ■ BRAZARGENT 5040 | B Ag 40 Cu Zn Sn 650-710 | Ag 140Si | AG105 | BAg-28 | - | |
| RNA | ■ BRAZARGENT 5045 | B Ag 45 Cu Zn Sn 640-680 | Ag 145Si | AG104 | ~BAg-36 | L-Ag 45 Sn | |
| JATE | ■ BRAZARGENT 5055 | B Ag 55 Zn Cu Sn 630-660 | Ag 155Si | AG103 | - | L-Ag 55 Sn | |
| 10 | ■ BRAZARGENT 5056 | B Ag 56 Zn Cu Sn 620-655 | Ag 156Si | AG102 | BAg-7 | - | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 34 GAZ | B Cu 36 Ag Zn Sn 630-730 | Ag 1 | 34 according to AT | G B.524-3 certifica | tion | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 3049+ | B Ag 49 Zn Cu Mn Ni 680-705 | Ag 449Si | - | BAg-22 | L-Ag 49 | |
| | ■ BRAZARGENT 3050 | B Ag 50 Cu Zn Ni 660-705 | Ag 450Si | | BAg-34 | - | |

ALUMINIUM ALLOYS

| | | Classification | YOUR REFERENCE | |
|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| | Туре | Chemical composition | EN ISO 17672 | TOUR NEFERENCE |
| SOLID | ■ ZINAL 4 | 98 % Zn - 2 % Al | DIN 1707-100 : S-Zn 98 Al 2 | |
| S | ■ AL12 | 88 % Al - 12 % Si | Al 112 | |
| TBM | ■ ZINAL 4 TBW | 98 % Zn - 2 % Al | DIN 1707-100 : S-Zn 98 Al 2 | |
| \sim E | ■ HARASIL NC 12* TBW | 88 % AI - 12 % Si | Al 112 | |
| TBW | ■ TBM 12 NCs* | 88 % AI - 12 % Si | Al 112 | |
| | ■ TBM 12 NCs 20* | 88 % AI - 12 % Si | Al 112 | |

^{*} Non-corrosive flux.

BRAZING FLUXES

| | Melting range (°C) | Classification - Standards | | YOUR REFERENCE |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------|----------------|
| Туре | Merting range (C) | NF EN 1045 | DIN 8511 | TOUR REFERENCE |
| AGFLUX AGFLUX (Paste) | 450-800 | FH10 | F-SH 1 | |
| AG ACTIVE PASTE | 550-880 | FH10 | - | |
| BORINOX | 500-800 | FH10 | F-SH 1 | |
| POLYFLUX | 800-1000 | FH20 | F-SH 1 | |
| FLUX ODAL | 450-550 | FL10 | F-SH 2 | |
| ALUNOX NC | 560-570 | FL20 | - | |
| ALUNOX NCs | 420-450 | FL20 | - | |
| PHOS FLUX (L) | 580-880 | FH10 | - | |

TECHNICAL DATA

PRODUCT RANGE WITH STANDARD SIZES AND WEIGHT

PHOSBRAZ ® (CuP, CuP OVEN, CuP-Ag)

| Reference | Diameter (m | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| BARE RODS | 1,5 → 3 | 100-700 (with controlled straightness for CuP Oven) | 1 - 5 | |
| | | spools (random wound) | 15 (+/- 1 kg) | |
| WIRE (SPOOL, COIL) | 1,5 → 3 | spools (precision wound) | 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) | |
| | | coils | 20 (+/- 1 kg) (Other weights can be provided on request.) | |
| RINGS AND PREFORMS | Dimensions and quantities may be provided on request. | | | |
| COATING TYPE | Standard 30 % (Other types may be provided on request.) | | | |

■ BRASS / NICKEL SILVER ALLOY PRODUCTS

| Reference | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) |
|--|---|--------------------------|---|
| BARE RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 500 - 1000 | 1 - 5 |
| FLUX COATED RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 500 - 1000 | 1 - 5 |
| WIRE (SPOOL, COIL) | 1,5 → 3,0 | spools (random wound) | 15 (+/- 1 kg) |
| | | spools (precision wound) | 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) |
| | | coils | 20 (+/- 1 kg) (Other weights can be provided on request.) |
| RINGS AND PREFORMS | Dimensions and quantities may be provided on request. | | |
| COATING TYPE | Standard 10 % (Other types may be provided on request.) | | |

■ BRAZARGENT® PRODUCTS (ternary and quaternary alloys)

| Reference | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) |
|--|---|--------------------------|---|
| BARE RODS | 1,0 → 3,0 | 500 | 0,25 - 1 - 5 |
| FLUX COATED RODS | 1,5 → 3,0 | 500 | 0,25 - 1 - 5 |
| ■ TBW | 1,6 → 3,0 | 500 | 0,25 - 1 - 5 |
| | | spools (random wound) | 1 - 5 - 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) |
| • WIRE (SPOOL, COIL) | 1,5 → 3,0 | spools (precision wound) | 15 (+/- 0,1 kg) |
| | | coils | 20 (+/- 1 kg) (Other weights can be provided on request.) |
| RINGS AND PREFORMS | Dimensions and quantities may be provided on request. | | |
| COATING TYPE | Standard 30 % (Other types may be provided on request.) | | |

ALUMINIUM ALLOYS (Al-Si / Zn-Al)

| Reference | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Weight (kg) |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---|
| RODS | 1,6 → 3,0 | 500 - 1000 | 1 - 5 |
| - SDOOL COIL | 1,6 → 3,0 | spools (random wound) | 5 |
| SPOOL, COIL | | coils | 5 (Other weights can be provided on request.) |

BRAZING FLUXES

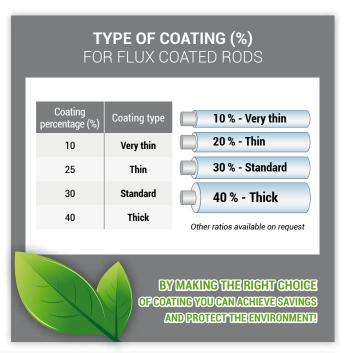
| Reference | Shape (powder) | Shape (gel) | Weight (g) |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|
| PHOSBRAZ FLUX | х | | 60 - 200 |
| PHOSDRAZ FLOX | | X | 60 - 200 |
| | Х | | 80 - 200 - 1000 |
| AGFLUX (gel) | | x | 60 - 200 - 1000 |
| AG ACTIVE PASTE | | X | 200 -500 - 1000 |
| DODINOV | х | | 200 - 500 - 1000 |
| BORINOX | | X | 400 |
| POLYFLUX | х | | 200 - 1000 |
| | | X | 300 - 1000 |
| FLUX-ODAL | х | | 200 - 500 |
| ALUNOX NC | х | | 200 |
| ALUNOX NCs | х | | 200 |
| CUPRO FLUX | х | | 150 |
| | | X | 300 |
| PHOS FLUX (L) | | Sur demande | |

For further information on other brazing fluxes, their packaging and minimum order quantities, please contact our Sales Department.



DIAMETER CONVERSION

| 1" = 1 inch = 25,4mm | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| ø in mm | ø in fractions of inches | ø in inch | |
| 0.6 | 1/44 | 0.0236 | |
| 0.8 | 1/32 | 0.0315 | |
| 1.0 | 1/26 | 0.0393 | |
| 1.2 | 3/64 | 0.0472 | |
| 1.6 | 1/16 | 0.0629 | |
| 2.0 | 5/64 | 0.0781 | |
| 2.4 | 3/32 | 0.0945 | |
| 3.2 | 1/8 | 0.1259 | |
| 4.0 | 5/32 | 0.1574 | |
| 4.572 | 6/32 | 0.1800 | |
| 5.208 | 7/32 | 0.2000 | |
| 9.144 | 11/32 | 0.3600 | |





- °F = (1,8 X °C) + 32: Conversion degrees Celsius in degrees Fahrenheit.
- ALLOY: An alloy is a combination of several metals or metalloids.
- ANNEALING: Annealing is a heat treatment that alters the microstructure of a material causing changes in properties. Such as strength and hardness. This procedure allows reaching equilibrium by heating a material, maintaining it at a suitable temperature and then cooling it very slowly. It is used for softening the material, relieving its internal stresses, refining its structure and improving its cold working properties.
- BASE METALS: Materials to be joined.
- BINARY ALLOY: A binary alloy is a combination of two metals or metalloids.
- BRAZING: Brazing is a joining method that creates metallic continuity of the base metals by means of a filler metal whose melting point (liquidus) is lower than that of the base metals being joined. The filler metal penetrates in-between the joined surfaces by capillary action.
- CAPILLARITY: Capillarity is characterises the overall phenomena defining the behaviour of liquids in very narrow tubes, and, more generally, situations where a separation surface meets a solid wall.
- COLD FORMING: Hardening of the structure by mechanical means.
- DEPTH OF PENETRATION: Capillary rise of the brazing metal in-between the base metals.
- FLUX: Flux is used during brazing to remove oxides, protect sur-

- faces and perform wetting of the joining areas. Excess flux must be cleaned after the joint has been completed. The presence of flux on the joined parts may lead to corrosion.
- HARD BRAZING: Joining at temperatures above 450 °C, including braze-welding.
- INDUCTION HEATING: Induction heating is a method that consists in heating a conductive material by electromagnetic induction. Foucault currents are generated at the core of the material, and their resistivity produces heat.
- LIQUIDUS: Temperature above which an alloy becomes entirely liquid.
- PREFORMS: Product in different shape, such as pins, U-shaped nuggets or rings, etc.
- QUATERNARY ALLOY: A quaternary alloy is a combination of four metals or metalloids.
- QUENCHING: Cooling, generally produced by quickly reducing the temperature of metals and alloys beyond the critical temperature range in order to harden them.
- SOLDERING: Brazing at temperatures below 450 °C.
- **SOLIDUS:** Temperature below which all the components of an alloy are solid.
- TERNARY ALLOY: A ternary alloy is a combination of three metals or metalloids.
- WETTING: The wetting of a liquid (melted filler metal) on a solid (the parts to be joined) is the degree of spread of the liquid on the solid.







SELECTARC®, the French manufacturer of welding and brazing filler metals

12, Rue Juvénal Viellard 90600 Grandvillars France

Tel: +33 3 84 57 37 77 - info@selectarc.com - www.selectarc.com

SELECTARC

Grandvillars (90) FRANCE

- →Tel: +33 3 84 57 37 77
- →info@selectarc.com
- →www.selectarc.com

SELECTARC ITALIA

Grassobio (BG) ITALY

- →Tel: +39 035 525 575
- →info@selectarc.it
- →www.selectarc.com

SELECTARC

Roche-Lez-Beaupré (25) FRANCE

- →Tel: +33 3 81 60 51 72
- →info@selectarc.com
- →www.selectarc.com

FSH WELDING GULF

Sharjah UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

- →Tel: +971 551789837 →qulf@selectarc.com
- →www.selectarc.com

FSH WELDING CANADA

Montreal CANADA

- →Tel: +1 514-631-7670
- →info@fsh-welding.ca
- →www.fsh-welding.ca

FSH WELDING INDIA

Mumbai INDIA

- →Tel: +91-22-25675061/62
- →india@selectarc.com
- →www.selectarc.com

WESTBROOK WELDING ALLOYS LTD.

Warrington UNITED KINGDOM

- →Tel: +44 1925 839 983
- →sales@westbrookwelding.co.uk
- →www.westbrookwelding.co.uk













